



Packet Type III Part A



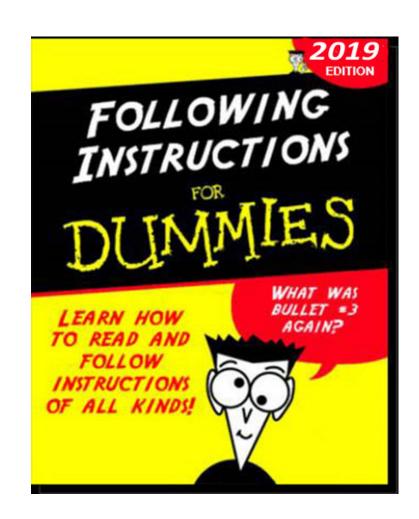
Santa Clara County ARES®/RACES

Last Updated 21 June 2023

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HOUSEKEEPING

- Introductions
- Pen/pencil & paper
- Cell phones
- Side conversations
- Questions
- Corrected Handouts
- Breaks
- Restrooms (code: 9033)
- In case of emergency
- No wandering or exploring other areas of the building.



1. OVERVIEW

Overview: Packet Classes

Packet Type III, Part A

- Packet Operator Credentials
- Packet Network Overview
- Packet Network Components
- Packet Station HW & SW
- Accessing the Network
- Standard Workflow

Packet Type III, Part A+

Packet Operations Self-Paced
 Exercise workbook

Packet Type III, Part B

- Packet Operations
- Diagnosing Setup Problems
- Selecting a BBS
- Creating Messages
- Event Documentation
- Productivity Hints
- Exercises

Packet Type II: Advanced Techniques, such as County EOC Packet Station Setup & Operations, Operating without Outpost.

Learning Objectives

At the end of this class, you should be able to:

- Describe the purpose and use of packet communications
- Describe the Santa Clara County BBS network
- Describe the components of the baseline packet station
- Describe the Outpost and PackItForms software and their basic use

Agenda

- Packet Operator Credentials
- Packet Network Overview
 - What is packet? Why do we use it?
- Packet Network Components
 - SCCo BBSs, other networks, antennas, radios, TNCs, PCs, printers
- Baseline Packet Station: hardware & software
- Accessing the Network
- Standard Workflow
- Homework Intro







2. PACKET OPERATOR CREDENTIALS

Packet Operator Type III



- Capabilities and services offered
 - Fully independent operator
 - Set-up an existing, pre-installed packet system that is currently disconnected and stored
 - Turn everything on and verify connectivity
 - Operate a PC that has Outpost and PackItForms already preinstalled
 - Configure Outpost options to the county standard
 - Operate a packet station to send, receive, print, log and track packet messages
 - Send 7 standard PackItForm messages (Check-In/Out message,
 ICS 213 Message, ICS 213RR Resource Request, OA Jurisdiction Status,
 Shelter Status, Allied Health Status, RACES Mutual Aid Request)

Packet Operator Type III



- Typical Assignments
 - Locations with low-to-medium traffic and pre-installed packet station
 - Small city EOC
 - Small staging area
 - Small aid station
 - Shelter
 - Health facility
 - Point of Distribution/Dispensing site

Packet Operator Type II, Type I

- Packet Operator Type II = Advanced Operator
 - Perform the tasks of a Packet Operator III
 - Equipped with a complete packet station
 - Able to install Outpost and PackItForms
 - Able to send messages, including PackItForms without Outpost
 - Medium to high traffic conditions
- Packet Operator Type I = Specialist Operator
 - Capable of the most complicated, highest traffic levels
 - Capable of designing, deploying, operating and coordinating complex multi-radio, multi-band, multi-node packet networks for larger events or incidents
 - Set-up, manage, and troubleshoot a packet BBS
 - Equipped for and capable for out-of-county and extended deployments



For more information...

Credentialing Program

Program Information

https://www.scc-ares-races.org/credentials

Discussion group

https://www.scc-ares-races.org/discuss-groups.html









What is packet radio? Why do we use it?

3. PACKET RADIO OVERVIEW

What is Packet Radio?

- One of many digital modes available in Amateur Radio
- Transmitted information is error free!
- AX.25; based on the X.25 protocol, with Amateur Radio features
- Sends a "packet" of data at a time: envelope + payload
 - Differs from character-at-a-time modes (PSK31 or RTTY)
 - Envelope contains header at beginning & checksum at end



- Header contains addressing information (to, from)
- Payload contains the data to be sent
- Checksum used to determine if packet was received error-free... the error check
- Typically operates at 1200, 9600 baud on VHF & UHF and 300 baud on HF

Why Packet Radio?

• It's fast

- When there is no Internet, it's fast!
- ~15 times faster than voice
- 80+ messages sent/received, logged, acknowledged, printed in triplicate,
 perfectly legible, in < 2 hrs, with 0 errors, by 1 person!

It's easy

- Hardware: pre-built cables; straight-forward connections
- Software: if you can use e-mail, you can use Outpost
- Procedures: extensive documentation on the website

• It's deployable

- Virtually <u>anywhere</u> in the county and most of surrounding counties
- It fits our served agencies' needs and workflow
 - Preferable for long, complex, and/or high-volume messages; forms;
 message numbering; explicit acknowledgments, logging, tracking

Why Use Packet Radio?

- Packet is ideal for passing complex messages
 - Lists of information
 - Addresses
 - Instructions
 - Complex words

"turboencabulator", "thymidylate synthetase"

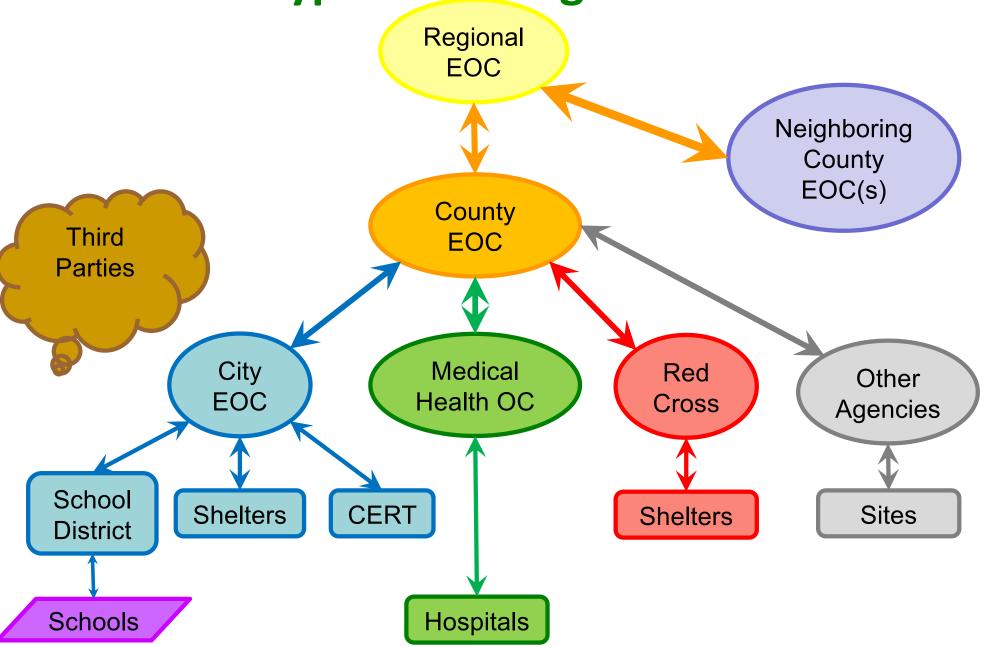
- Messages are transmitted accurately
 - Originator can verify contents before it is sent
 - Reduces transcription errors
- Messages are transmitted quickly
 - Keeps the voice channel clear

Typical Message Content

- Unstructured Text (informal message)
 - Check-ins, and -outs
 - Health and Welfare
 - Simple text messages
- Forms
 - Status
 - Resources
 - ICS 213
 - Others.....
- Structured Text
 - Lists
 - Addresses
 - Tables

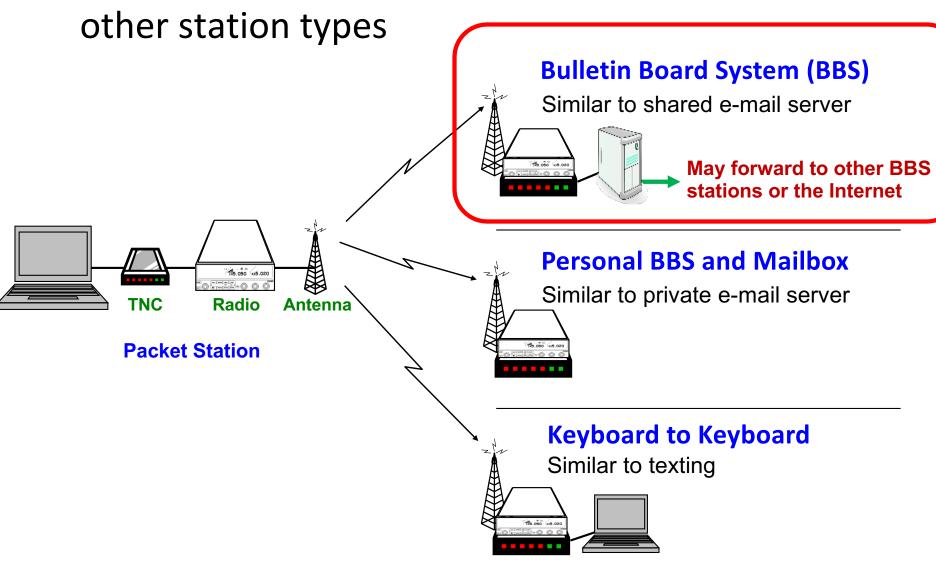


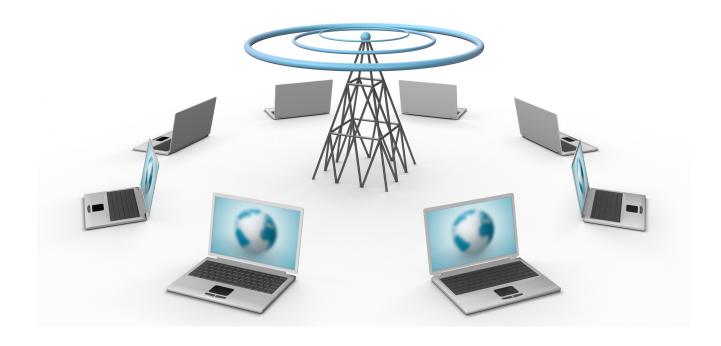
Typical Message Flows



What Can We Connect To?

 A packet radio station can connect to a variety of other station types

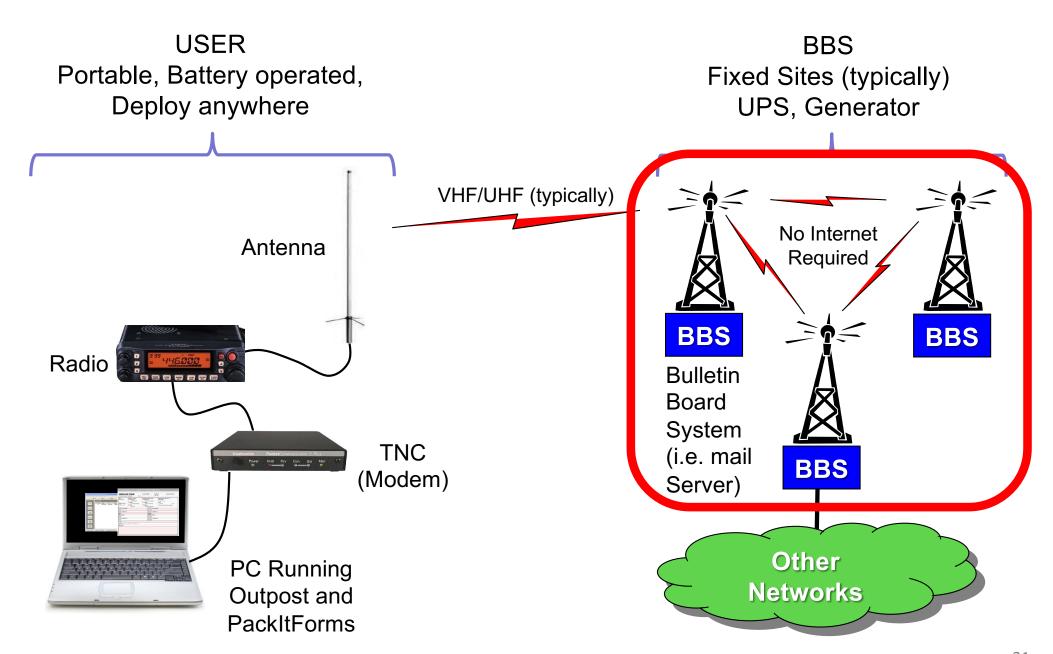




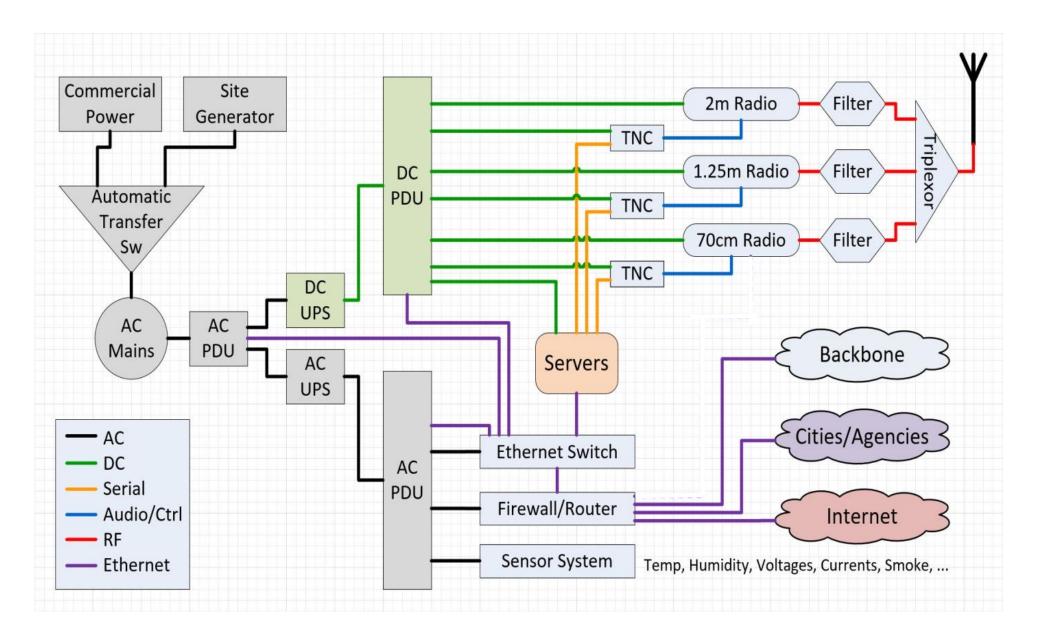
High level overview

4. PACKET NETWORK COMPONENTS

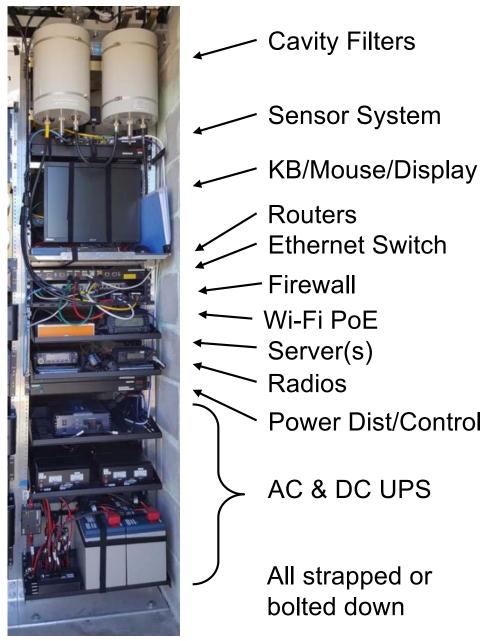
Typical Packet Network Components



Typical SCCo BBS Block Diagram



Typical SCCo BBS Installation



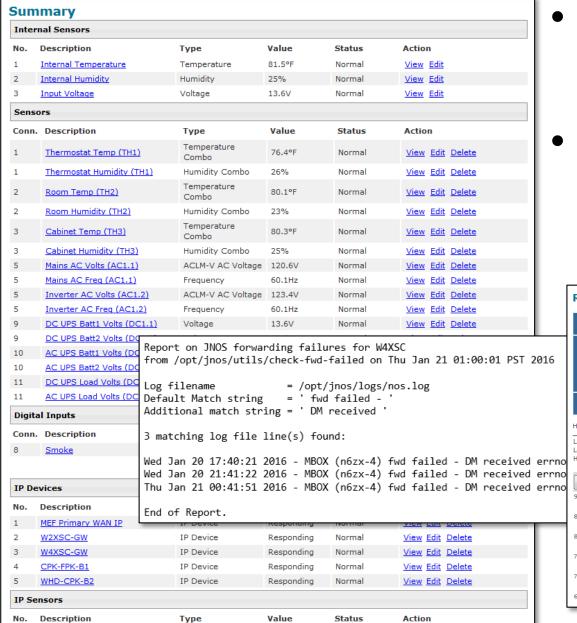


Commercial installation standards, shielding, frequency coordination



No moving parts (fanless)
Mirrored SSD storage
Commercial temp range (120F)

Typical Sensors and Alarms

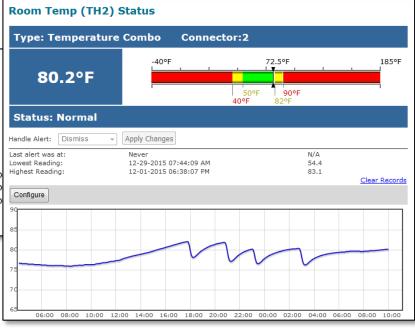


Environmental

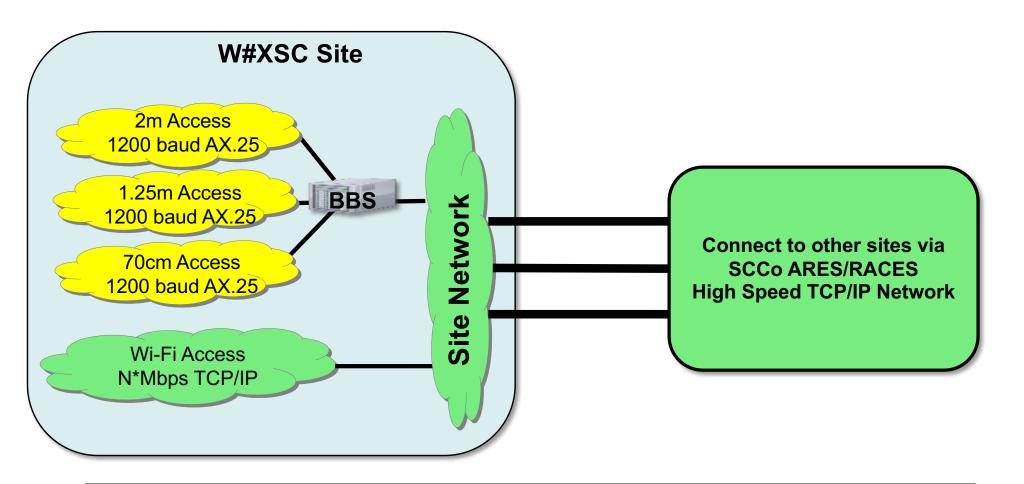
 Temp, humidity, voltage, current, smoke, ...

Operational

 Backbone links, critical systems, storage, gateway functions, forwarding, ...



Typical Access Connectivity

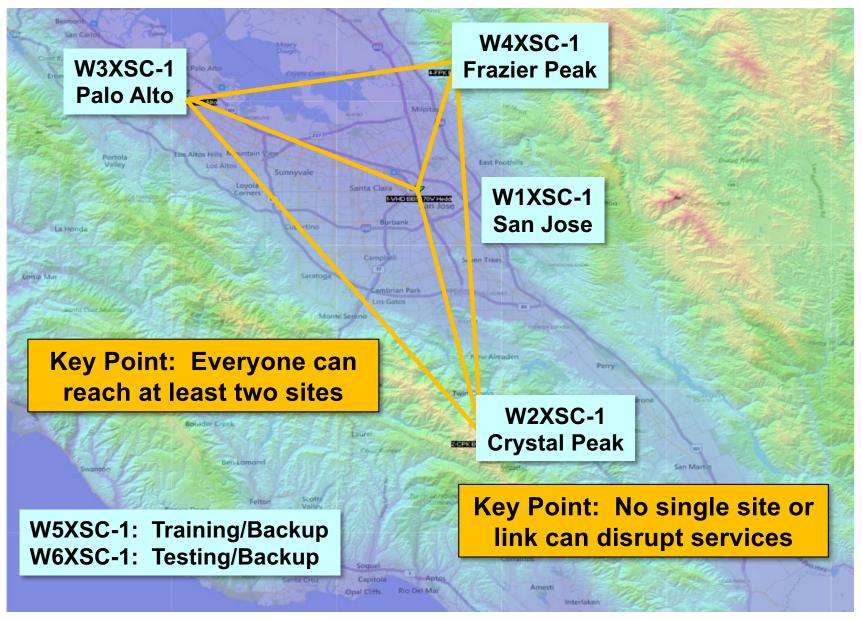


Key Points:

- Low speed packet access allows countywide, non-line of sight coverage
- Higher speed TCP/IP access available where line of sight exists

WnXSC BBS Locations

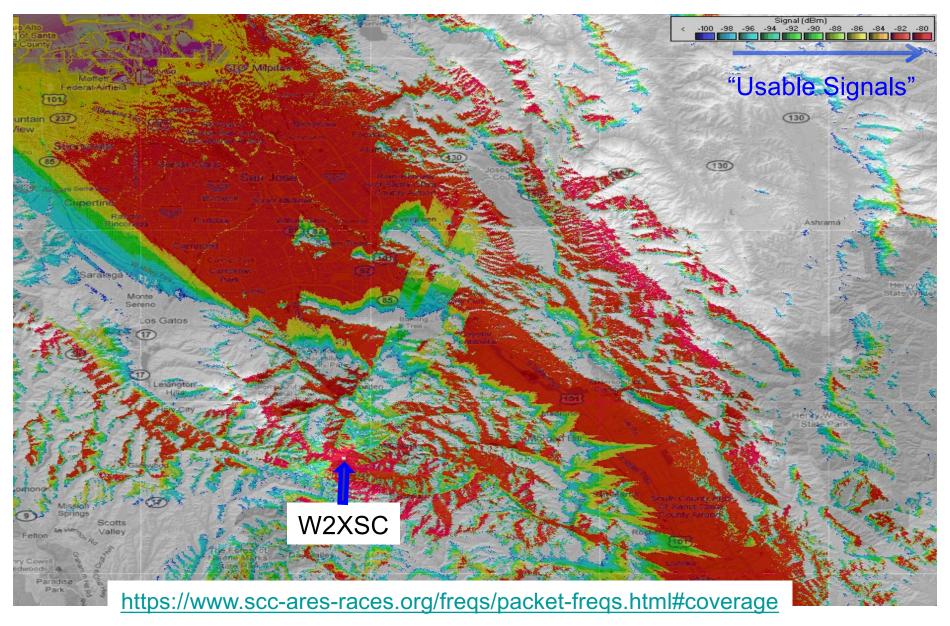
Redundant Sites; Redundant Links



Which BBS Should I Use?

- Every city/agency has a primary and secondary BBS
 - Based on RF coverage and user load
 - All users in that city/agency should use those BBS's
- Use the primary BBS whenever possible
- If the primary is not available, use the secondary
- If the primary and secondary are not available, use whatever you can reach

Coverage Maps Available On The Web



Primary & Secondary BBSs

Primary and Secondary BBSs are listed on the website

#	Agency	Prefix	Primary BBS	Secondary BBS					
Sai	Santa Clara County Cities and Agencies								
1	American Red Cross	ARC	W1XSC	W4XSC					
2	CAL FIRE VIPs - Santa Clara Unit	SCU	W2XSC	W1XSC					
3	Campbell, City of	CBL	W1XSC	W4XSC					
4	Cupertino, City of	CUP	W1XSC	W4XSC					
5	Gilroy, City of	GIL	W2XSC	W1XSC					
6	Hospitals (all SCCo) & DEOC	HOS	W2XSC	W1XSC					
7	Loma Prieta Region	LMP	W2XSC	W1XSC					
8	Los Altos, City of	LOS	W3XSC	W1XSC					
9	Los Altos Hills Town of	I AH	W3XSC	W1XSC					

https://www.scc-ares-races.org/freqs/packet-freqs.html

BBS Call Signs and Frequencies

BBS access frequencies are also listed on the website

Call Sign	AX.25	User Access	BBS-BBS	Location
W1XSC	W1XSC-1	145.750, 223.620, 433.570		Santa Clara Co Office Bldg (San Jose)
W2XSC	W2XSC-1	145.730, 223.560, 433.590		Crystal Peak (South County)
W3XSC	W3XSC-1	144.310, 223.540, 433.450		Palo Alto
W4XSC	W4XSC-1	145.690, 223.600*, 433.550	223.600	Frazier Peak (above Milpitas)
W5XSC	W5XSC-1	varies	varies	Training, events, backup
W6XSC	W6XSC-1	varies	varies	Testing, backup

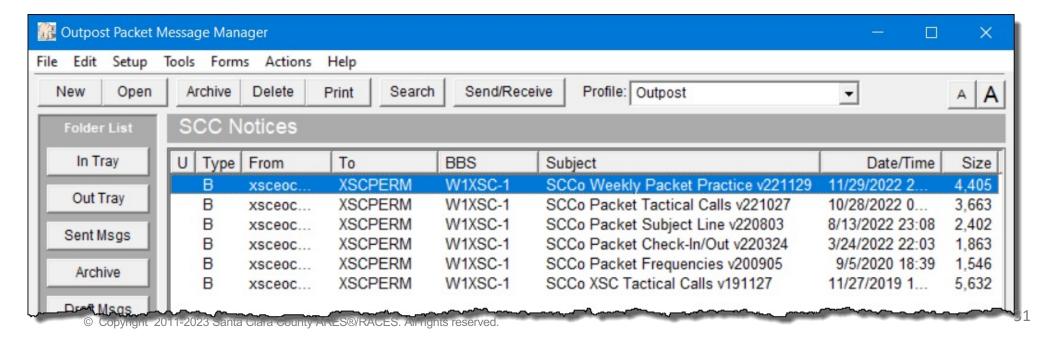
Recommendation

- Individuals use 2m or 440 access (more readily available equipment)
- EOCs use 220 access (less congested)
- Download and print this listing for your Go Kit
- Check web site and bulletins for changes

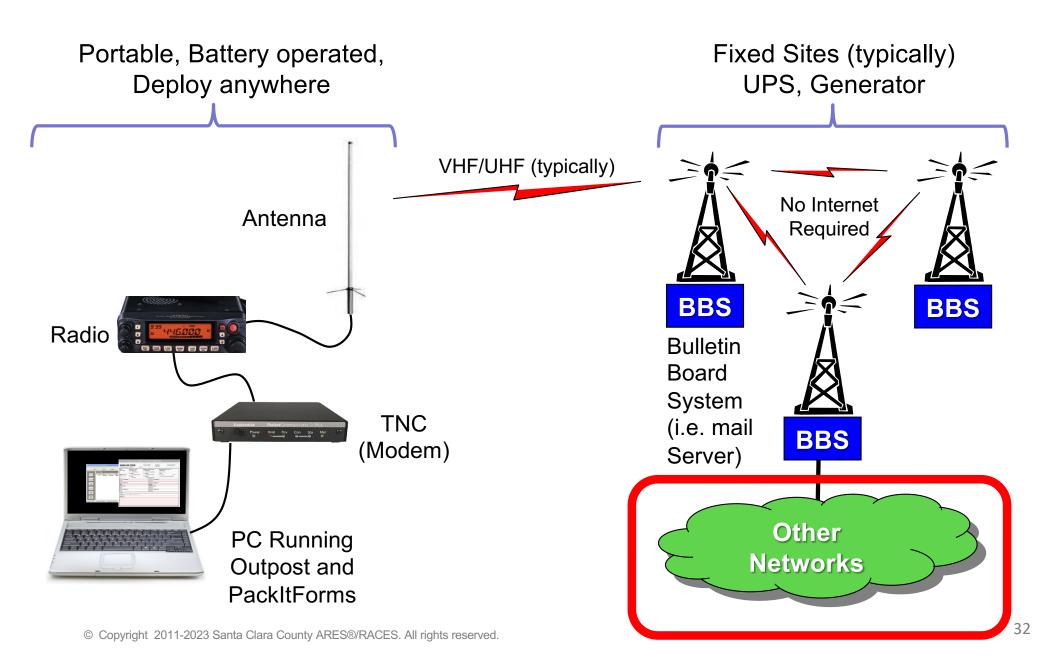
BBS information on packet

What if the web site is not available?

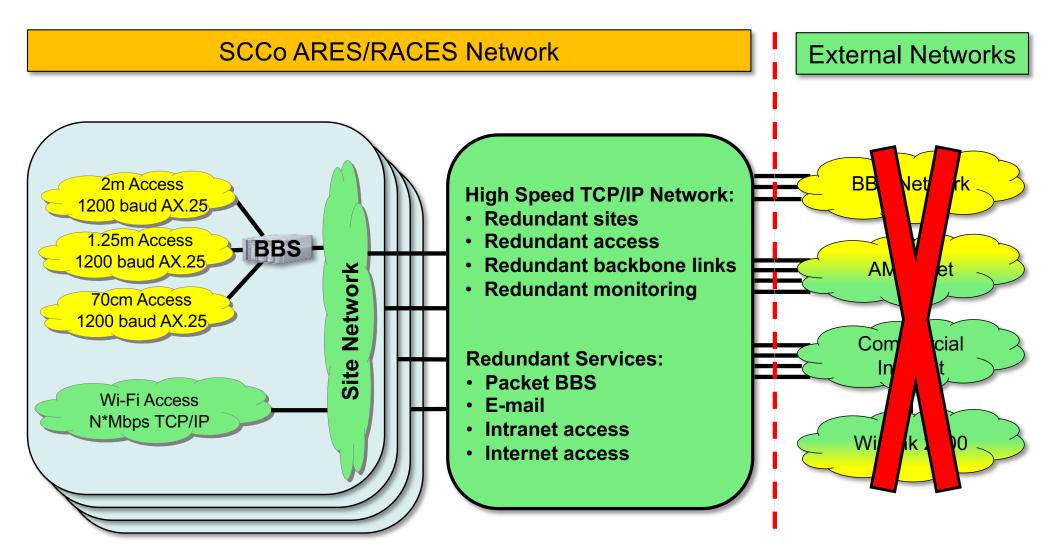
- The same information is also posted in a notice on all BBSs
 - Currently located in the "xscperm" area.
- Keep a copy in your Outpost "Archive" folder or create a "XSC Notices" folder
- Post it at your EOC or packet operating position



Typical Packet Network Components



Connectivity to Other Networks



Key Point: Connectivity and services continue within the county, even if every external network fails

Designed for harsh conditions

 January 2020: winter conditions on Crystal Peak (3600 ft ASL)...
 about 6 to 8 inches of snow



- Some sites experience high winds (100+ MPH), freezing conditions (including snow and ice), high temperatures (when A/C fails), power outages, or worse
- Conditions may make sites inaccessible for days or even weeks.
- Regardless of the situation, the network has to keep running or it won't be useful in an emergency
- This influences everything we do:
 - Station design (redundancy), equipment selection
 - Hardware installation standards, software configuration practices
 - Monitoring and alarms

"When All Else Fails"

- 2016 Loma Fire
- Failure on top of failure
 - Commercial power failed
 - Generator at radio site failed
 - Roads closed; no access to site to bring backup generator
 - Internet service provider networks failed
 - Most private communications systems failed
- Santa Clara County ARES/RACES network continued to run
 - Provided temp, humidity, smoke sensor info to other site tenants
 - Used to send/receive Internet email while ISP networks were down



6. Typical Packet Network Components

Packet Station Components (Details)

Santa Clara County ARES®/RACES

Home Services Operations Data Training & Events Reference About June 21, 2023

Network Access using AX.25 over VHF/UHF Amateur Radio

Overview | Services | Connect | Equipment | Resources

Overview

AX.25 is a protocol based on the X.25 protocol and uses amateur radio call signs for addresses. It is efficient for low bandwidth, lossy environments, such as VHF/UHF radio. This makes it ideal for access to the packet BBS network from anywhere in Santa Clara County. The use of VHF/UHF radio means RF coverage throughout the county is good enough for most locations to reach at least two of the packet BBS systems.

Accessible Services

AX.25 over VHF/UHF Amateur Radio can be used to access the following SCCo ARES/RACES service:

- Packet BBS Service
 - User Access: Users can connect to the packet BBSs using one of the VHF radio channels allocated for user access.
 - BBS Forwarding: Other packet BBSs can connect to the SCCo BBS network using AX.25 on a radio

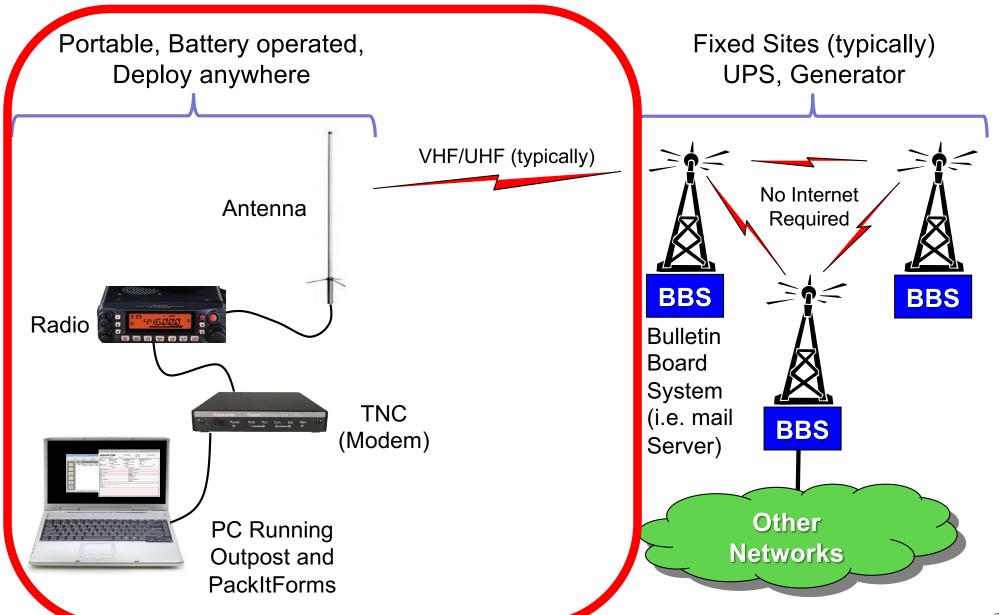
 Detailed information is available to help select each component of your packet station

Equipment and Software

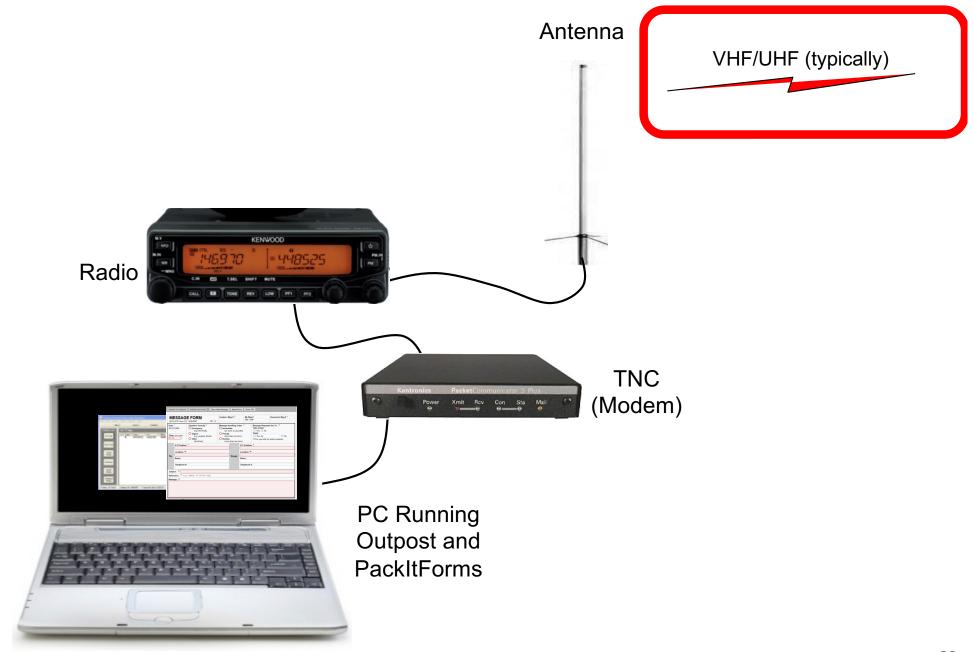
- AX.25 over VHF Station Configuration Diagram (PDF)
- Consider the following when building an AX.25 (packet) over VHF radio station:
 - City/Agency EOC/DOC Equipment
 - Antenna
 - Feedline
 - Lightning Arrestor
 - Radio
 - TNC
 - USB-to-Serial Adapter
 - Computer
 - Printer
 - Software
 - Network
 - Power
 - Make sure your station helps to reduce/eliminate the "hidden node" problem

https://www.scc-ares-races.org/data/access/ax25-vhf/ax25-vhf-access.html

Typical Packet Network Components



Typical Packet Network Components

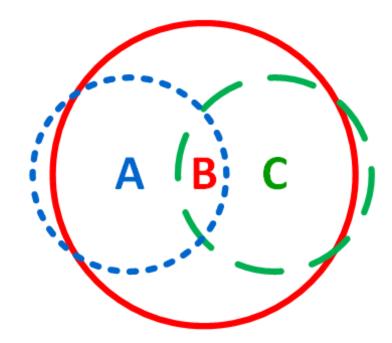


Access Frequencies

- Access is simplex with no tone
- 2m band access
 - User access; typically individuals, some EOCs
- 1.25m (220) band access
 - User access; typically EOCs, some individuals
- 70cm (440) band access
 - User access; typically individuals, some EOCs
- Advantages:
 - Simple antennas such as J-pole
 - Line of sight not required; county-wide coverage
 - But remember... do not be a "hidden node"

Hidden Node Problem

 Affects ALL simplex communications (voice, packet, Wi-Fi, CW, ...)

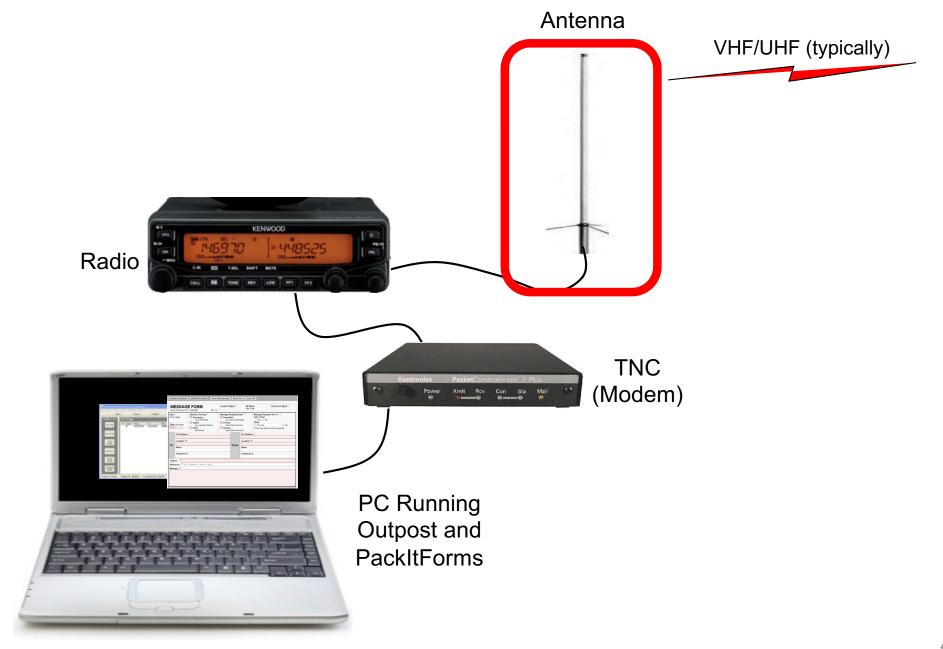


- If: A & B can hear each other, and B & C can hear each other, but A & C cannot hear each other ...
- Then: A will transmit while C is transmitting (and vice versa), causing B to hear a "double", which causes retries and slows down the channel for everyone

Hidden Node Solution

- Solution: don't be a hidden node!
 - Make sure your signal is heard by EVERYONE that is using the same BBS (multiple cities)
- Get your antenna up high
 - High enough that your signal is heard by as many people using the same BBS, as possible
- Use plenty of power
 - Enough that your signal is heard by as many people using the same BBS as possible

Typical Packet Network Components



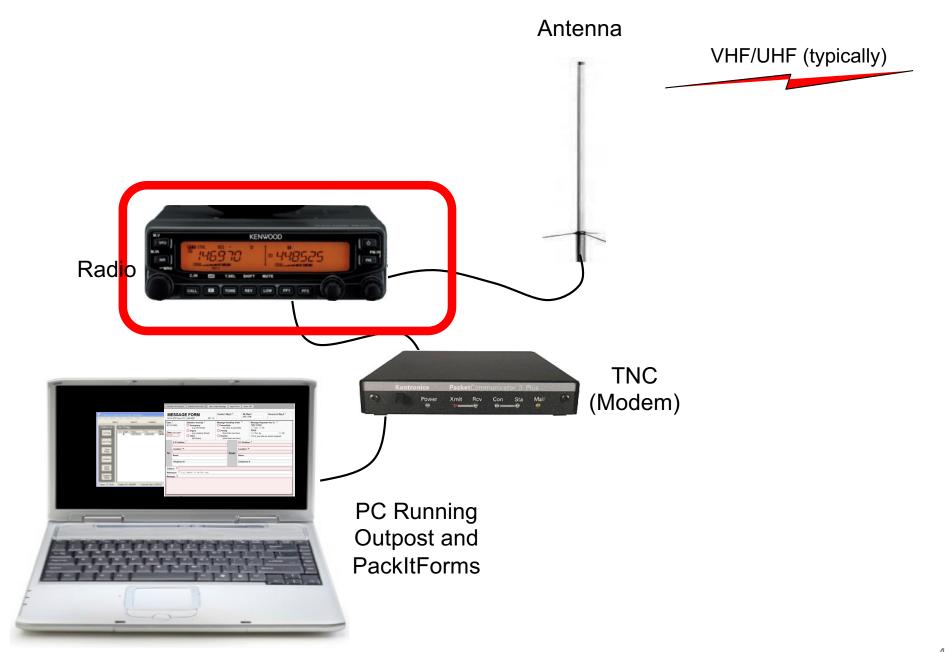
Antennas

- Get your antenna up high
- Home or EOC installation recommendation:
 - Tri-band ground-plane mounted on a tower or a mast above the roof
- Go Kit recommendation:
 - Roll-up j-pole antennas for 2m/440 and 220
 - 32 ft collapsible fiberglass windsock mast
 - Collapses to < 4 feet; weighs just a few pounds
 - Gets antenna above all 1-story and many 2 tory buildings
 - Tripod with sandbags to support mast in wind
 - 50 feet of quality coax





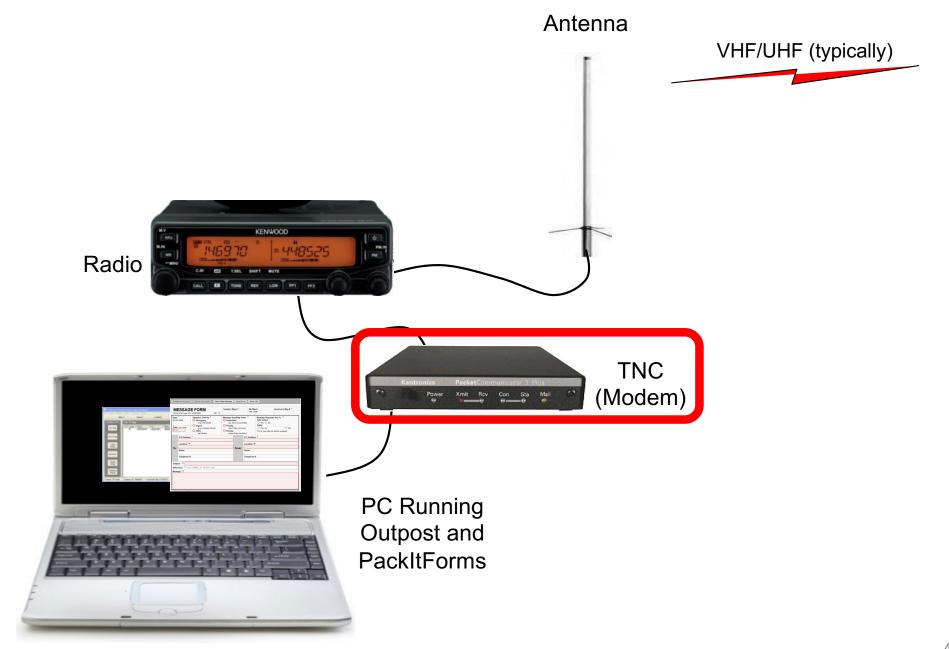
Typical Packet Network Components



Radios

- Use plenty of power (25 to 50 Watts)
- Recommendation:
 - Mobile radio with 25 or more Watts of output
 - Data connector on back (usually 6-pin DIN)
 - Consistent audio levels between radio and TNC; unaffected by volume control
 - Allows operator to listen to speaker while operating
 - Dual receive allows simultaneous monitoring of voice channel
- What about an HT?
 - Yes, it will work, BUT you will be a hidden node to everyone except your next door neighbors!
 - May be OK for hobby time or experimentation when the frequency is not busy (how would you know?), but will cause problems during real EmComm deployments.

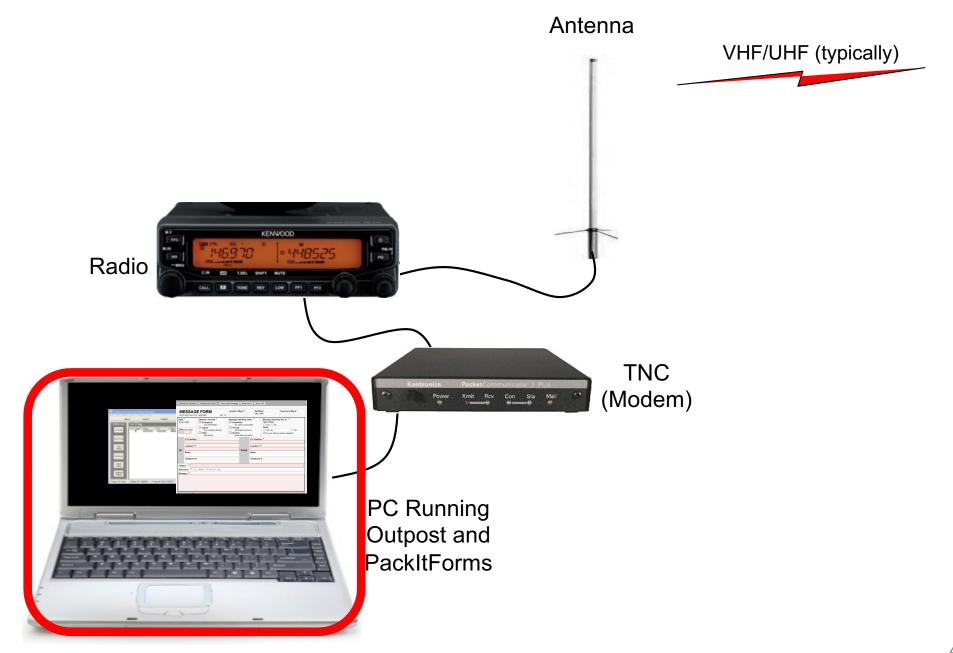
Typical Packet Network Components



Terminal Node Controller (TNC)

- Reliable, consistent, out of the box operation needed
- Hardware TNCs preferred
 - County BBSs make extensive use of Kantronics KPC 3+ TNC
 - KPC 3+ has other features, such as:
 - Personal BBS, digipeater, node
 - Command line interface (Outpost not needed)
- What about software TNCs?
 - Yes, they will work
 - HOWEVER, experience shows they are finicky to set-up and operate; good for personal use or hobby work
 - But, not recommended for EmComm work

Typical Packet Network Components



PC

Characteristics

- Must run a current version of MS Windows
- Screen must be big enough to read and fill in large forms easily
- Keyboard must allow for easy, reliable typing
- Battery runtime of at least 1 hour

Recommendation

 Laptop or larger netbook running at least Windows 10 (end of W8.1 extended support... January 10, 2023)

What about tablets?

As long as it runs Windows and has an external keyboard and mouse.
 But most people find the screen sizes too small for extended use.

What about Linux or MAC?

 Not recommended. The software we use runs on Windows. Running a virtual machine or emulator just complicates things. Experience has shown that people who try this struggle to make it work effectively.



Required for Type III Qualification

7. ASSEMBLING A PACKET STATION

Type III Scenario

W6XRL4, this is Xanadu EOC

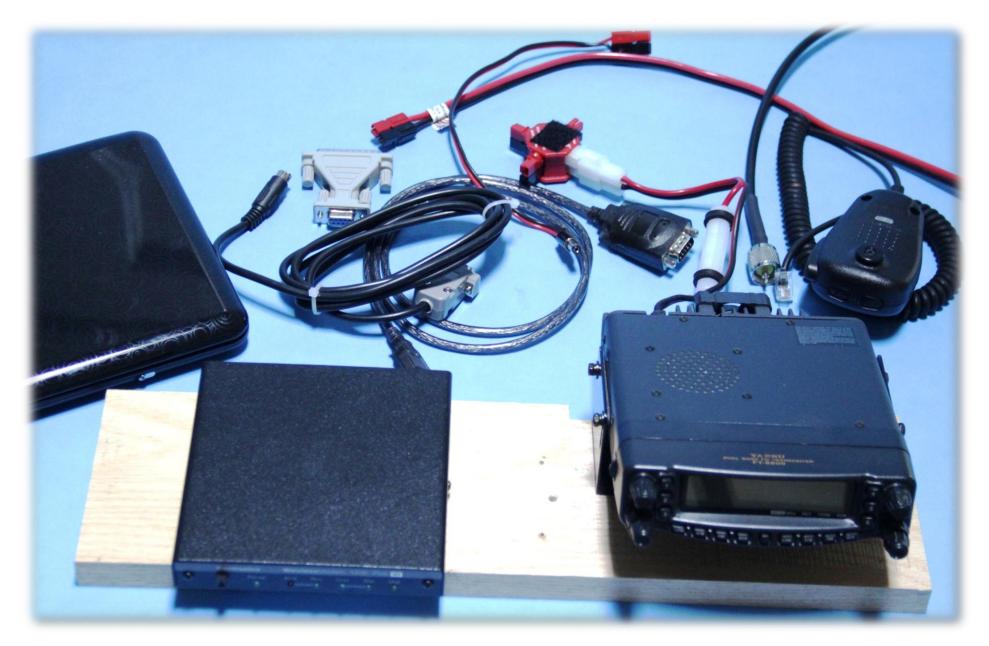
This is W6XRL4, go ahead

W6XRL4, please deploy to Xanadu Community
Hospital and set up the on site packet station.
Tactical call is XNDHSP.
Do you need directions?

Acknowledged. I know the location and will deploy immediately. W6XRL4

Xanadu EOC

"Thinking outside the box"

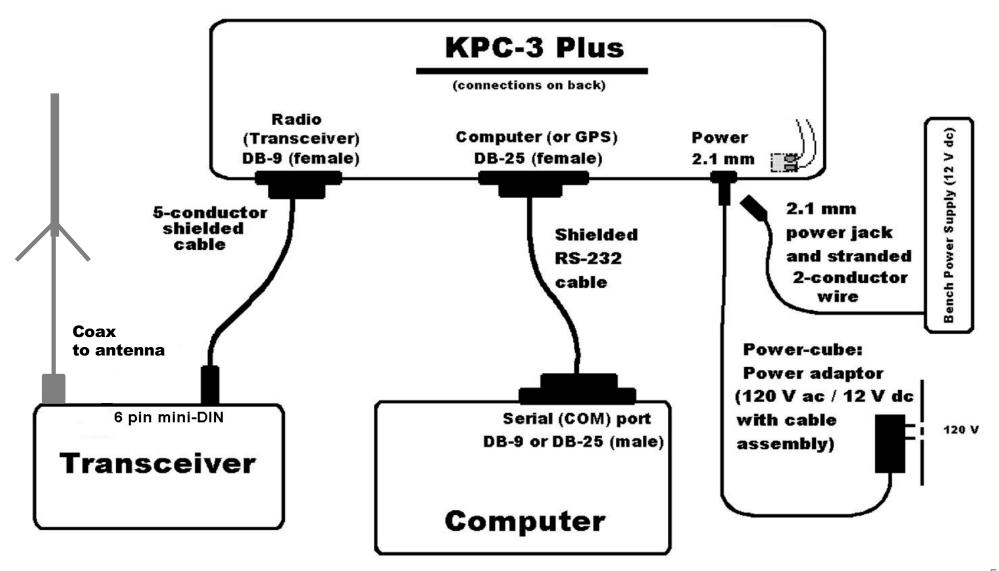


But first, what's in the box? (partial list)

Radio	2m, 220, 440, 25-50W
	Power Cable, adaptors 12VDC
	Microphone
Antenna	2m, 220, 440 roll-up J-Pole
	Mast, tripod, straps, sandbags, etc.
	50ft of Coax
TNC	KPC-3+ Packet Communicator
	RS232 Serial cable to PC; 25pin/M to 9pin/F, or USB (newer KPC's)
	<pre>Custom cable to Radio; 9pin/M to <whatever_your_radio_has></whatever_your_radio_has></pre>
	Cable to 12VDC
Laptop, PC	Windows PC
	USB-to-Serial Adaptor (older KPC3's) or USB cable
	Power adaptor
	Mobile Printer
Power	Battery or Power Supply
	Splitter, jumper cables

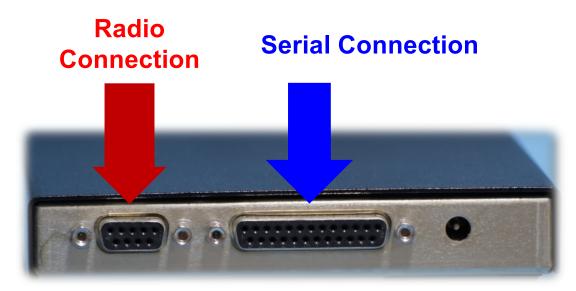
Building The Packet Station

KPC3 Plus / Serial Connector



Connect TNC to PC

KPC3+ Serial port version

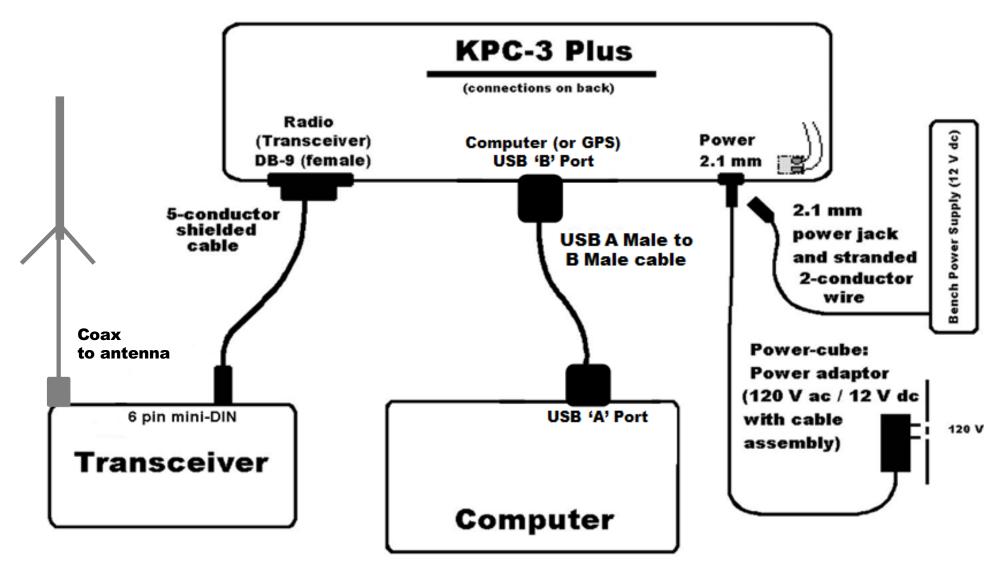




- KPC-3+ serial port has a DB-25 connector
 - DB-9 adapter may be needed
- Standard RS-232 serial cable; with USB-to-Serial for newer PCs
- Caution The Radio connector is a DB-9!
 - PTT, Transmit audio, Received Audio (NOT RS-232!)

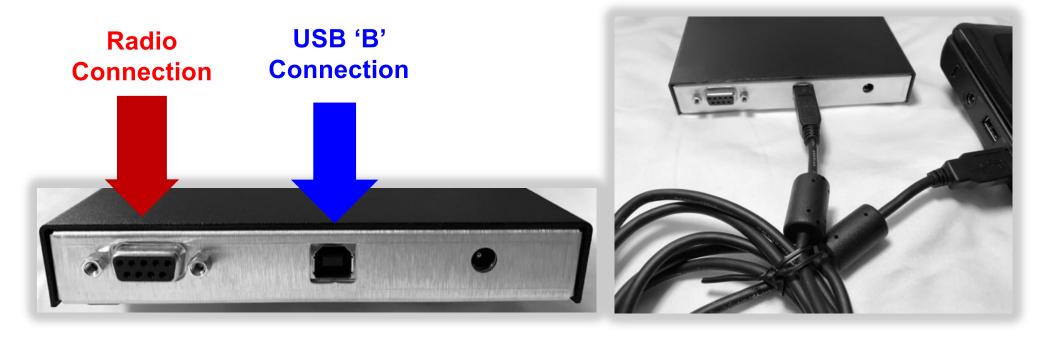
Building The Packet Station

KPC3 Plus / USB Connector



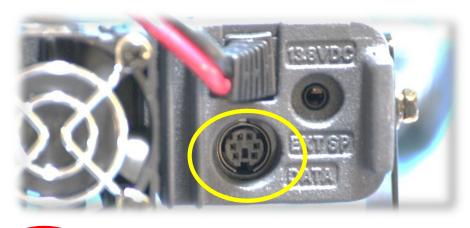
Connect TNC to PC

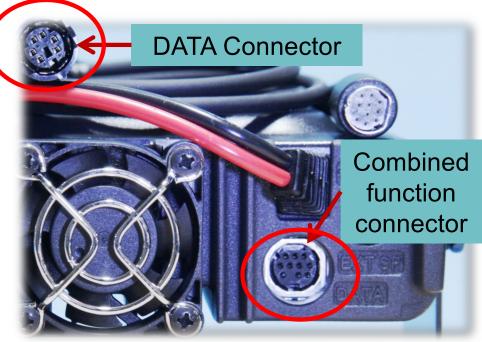
KPC3+ USB version



- KPC-3+ USB port is a 'B' connector
- No longer requires a separate USB-to-Serial adaptor (FTDI USB chip is built in); BUT... not the case for other TNCs
- Caution The Radio connector is a DB-9!
 - PTT, Transmit audio, Received Audio (NOT RS-232!)

Connect TNC to Radio





- Most radios have a dedicated 6 pin mini-DIN DATA connector
- Some have a combined 8
 pin mini-DIN connector and
 a breakout cable
 - Best Option!!
- Otherwise, you will use the speaker and mike connectors

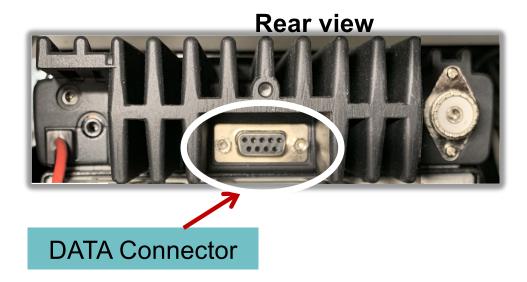
Connect TNC to Radio



- KPC-3+ has a DB-9 connector
- Radio will have a dedicated "data" connector for packet
 - 6 pin mini-DIN
 - May have to use mic connector and external speaker

A note on the Alinco radios for packet

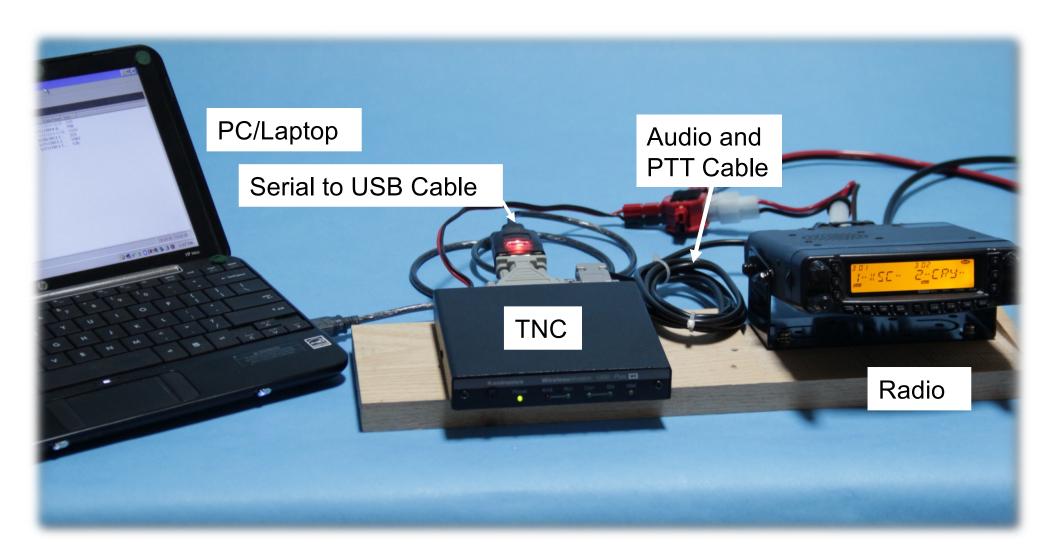




- Alinco DR-135T (2m), DR-235T (220) and DR-435T (440) are single-band radios and very popular for packet.
- The radios use a DSUB-9 connector for their data port.
- Do not use the internal *EJ-41U module* as a TNC; it has insufficient memory
 for EMCOMM message passing.
- For an external TNC, do not use a standard RS-232 modem cable! You need a custom cable for PTT, Transmit Audio, Receive Audio, and GND.
- *Lastly...* the DR-235T and DR-435T are no longer in production, but still could be found on the 2nd hand market.

"Got My Act Together"





PC Setup



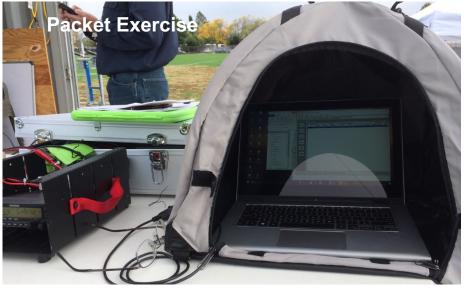
- Secure a work area suitable for computer use
 - Protected
 - Out of sunlight
 - AC power, if possible
- Set up PC
 - Verify that Outpost and PackItForms are installed
 - Verify the version
 - Set up user identification and Tactical ID (if needed)
 - Make sure computer date and time are set correctly
 - Verify correct Profile
 - Verify BBS and TNC settings
 - Adjust other settings as needed for the assignment

Creative "Get-out-of-the-Sun" ideas









Radio Settings



- Consult radio manual for packet settings
 - Packet or data mode
 - Packet baud rate 1200 bps
 - If Dual Receive, which side does Packet use?
 - Simplex
 - No tone or tone squelch
 - Yaesu users make sure WIRES is off
 - RF squelch/S-meter squelch to minimum
 - Turn off any function that might interrupt radio function
 - 25 W or more transmit power

KPC-3+ Setup Overview

- Use a terminal emulator (such as Outpost's Ipserial program) to communicate with the TNC
 - Verify Com Port settings
 - Verify that TNC "connected" "cmd:" prompt
 - Adjustment of serial connection baud rate may be needed
- Use the Command mode to instruct the TNC
 - Actions to be performed
 - Parameters to be set
 - Diagnostic information



Outpost and PackItForms

8. NOW THE SOFTWARE...

What is Outpost?



- A Windows-based packet messaging client; email-like GUI; hides the complexity of the packet world
- Helps ARES, RACES, and other amateur radio emergency response teams meet the needs of their served agencies
- Automates and manages all message handling between you and your BBS
- Lets you read, delete, create, send, reply to, and forward messages back to the BBS
- SCCo Packet Installer is available from County web site
 - www.scc-ares-races.org/data/packet
- General release version available from Outpost web site
 - www.outpostpm.org

Install Santa Clara County Version

- Combined Installer for Outpost & PackItForms
 - Unique directory names
 - Programs: C:\Program Files (x86)\SCCo Packet
 - Data: C:\SCCo Packet
 - Does not interfere with general release version of Outpost

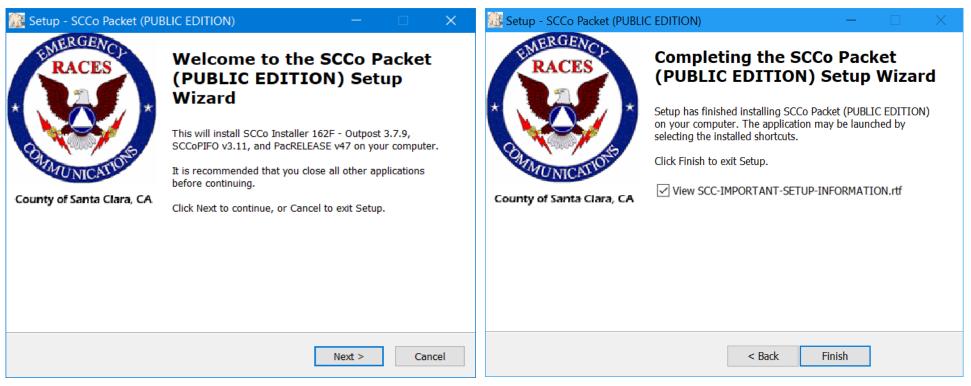
on the same machine

- Includes all updates
 - Standard TNC and County BBS setups
 - Standard County user settings
 - Standard County forms
 - Updates will not overwrite user defined settings

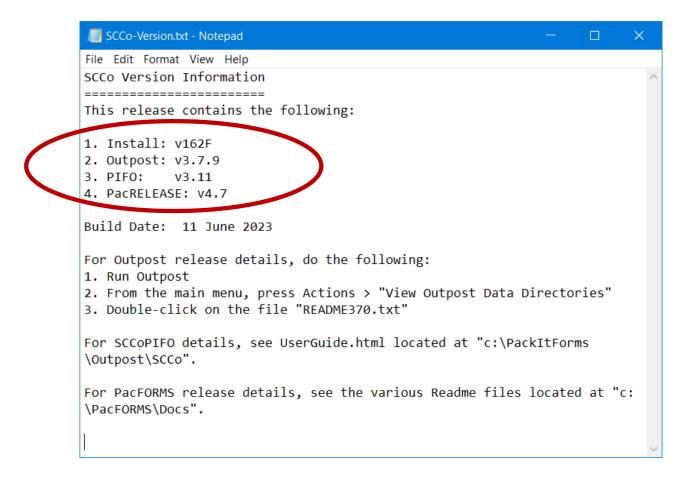
Install Outpost and PackItForms

- Single click install process for both Outpost and PackItForms
- Click the defaults

Start Finished



Confirming the installed version



From the Start Menu, look for **SCCo Packet** under:

- Windows 10: Start > scroll down through the list of apps
- Windows 11: Start > All Apps, scroll down through the list of apps

Confirming the installed version

Outpost Startup

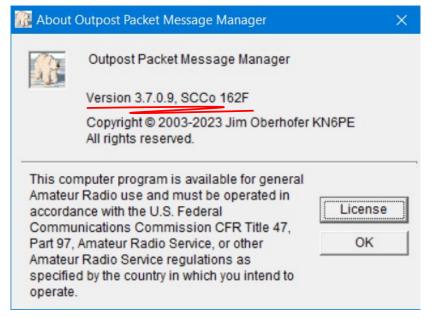


Outpost packet message manager

Version 3.7.0.9

Copyright © 2003-2023 Jim Oberhofer KN6PE Initializing Outpost...

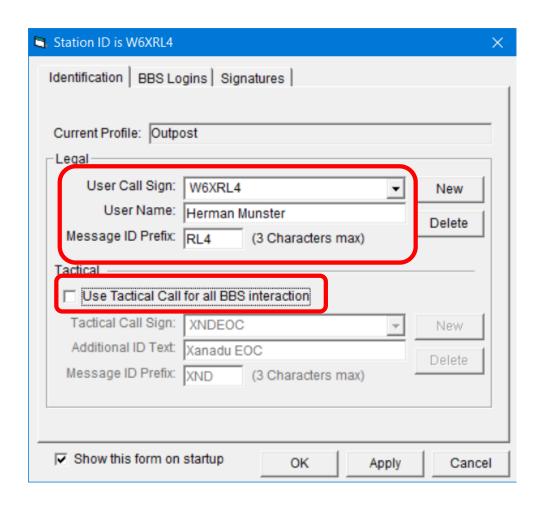
Outpost: Help -> About



Setting up Outpost's User ID

Outpost Setup > Station ID

- Previously setup? Select your call from the *User Call Sign* drop down
- First time user setup? Press New
- Fill in all Legal ID fields:
 - User call sign
 - User Name (Your full name)
 - Message ID Prefix
 - Defaults to the last 3 letters of your call sign
- To change from FCC call to Tactical
 - Click/Unclick Use Tactical Call
 - When unchecked and fields are greyed out, you are using your FCC call
- Press OK when done
- When you take over a shift as a Packet Operator, you will need to change the User Call sign and User Name



Tactical Calls

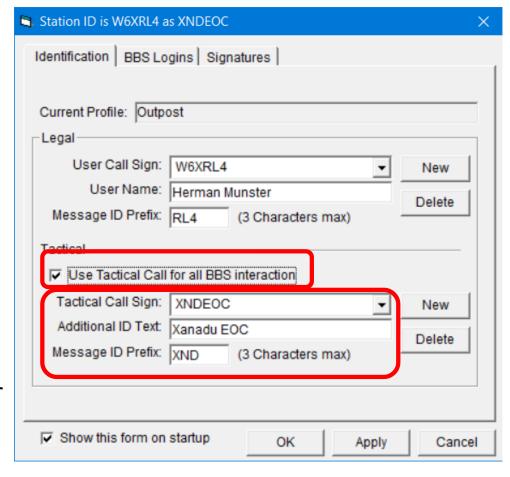
Outpost Setup > Station ID

- Tactical Calls are assigned to support message processing
 - Independent of operator's FCC call sign
- Once added to BBSs:
 - Packet users can log in with city tactical call signs
- Updates occur upon request from an agency
- Tactical calls for your city are available from your EC
- Tactical calls also added for Coastal Region and all surrounding counties
- To request new or update your agency's tactical calls, see: http://www.scc-ares-races.org/data/packet
 - "How to Request Tactical Calls"

Setting up a Tactical Call ID

Outpost Setup > Station ID

- If Using a Tactical Call, check the "Use Tactical Call ..." box
- Previously setup? Select the tactical call from the *Tac Call Sign* drop down
- First time Tac call setup? Press New
- Fill in all Tactical fields:
 - Call Sign
 - Additional ID Text
 - Message ID Prefix
 - 3 letter prefix used in msg number
 - Set per your served agency policy

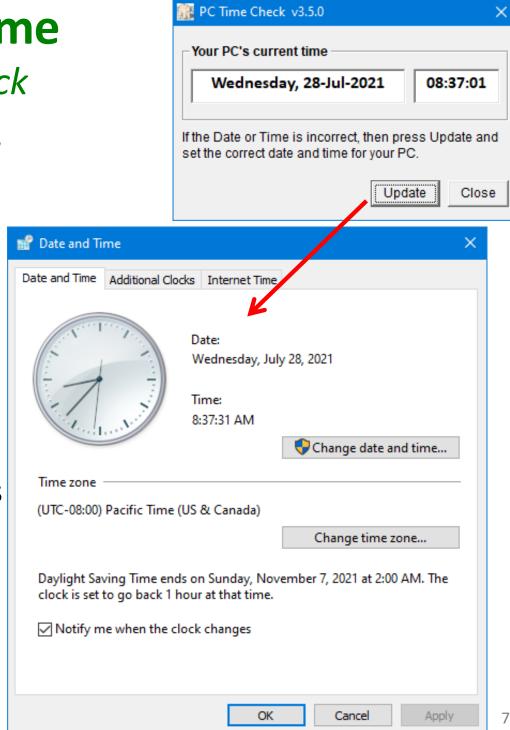


- Press OK when done
- When you take over a shift as a Packet Operator, you will need to change the User Call sign and User Name, and confirm the tactical call

Confirming the PC Time

Outpost Startup > time check

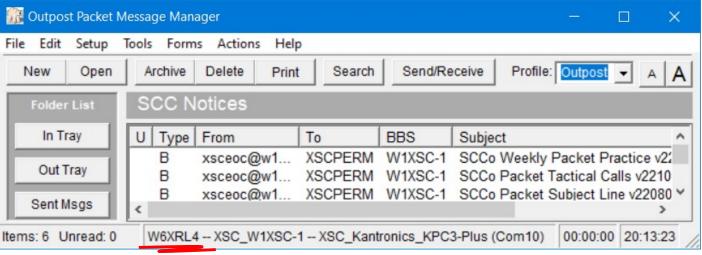
- Old and/or seldom-used PCs are usually not set to the correct time
- Outpost and PackItForms use the PC time
- If wrong, causes incorrect and confusing information on message listing and logs
- On startup, Outpost displays the current PC time and offers a chance to change it



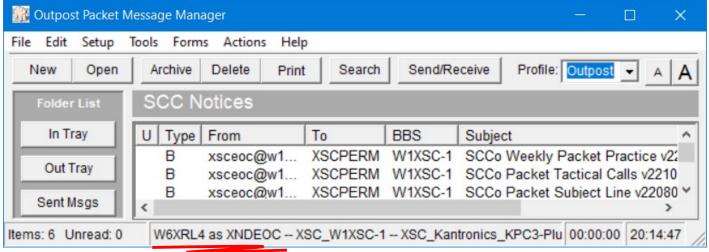
Confirming the Station ID

Outpost Setup > Station ID

FCC Call - Only the call sign is listed



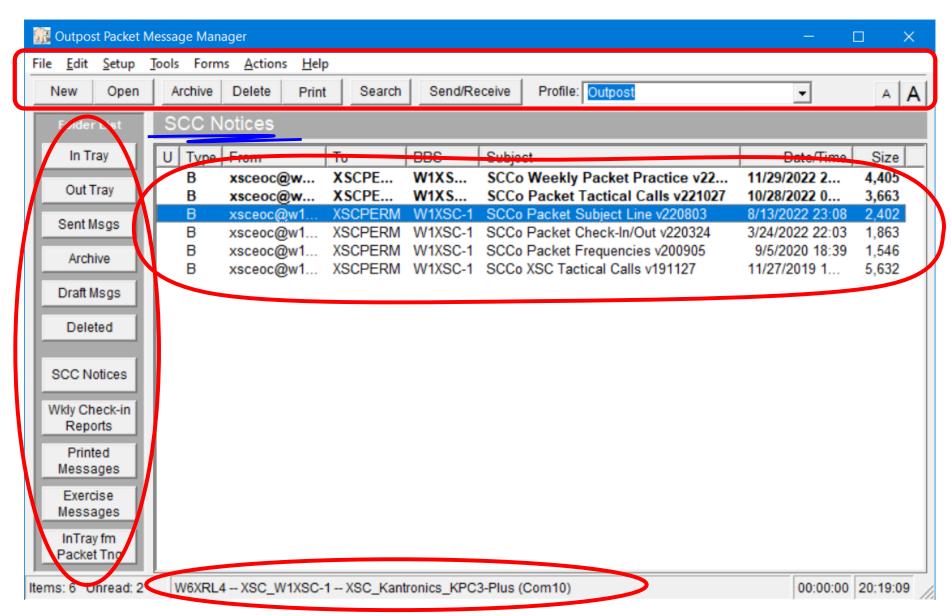
Tactical Call – listed as "<call_sign> as <tactical_call>"



Outpost - A Closer Look

Main form controls

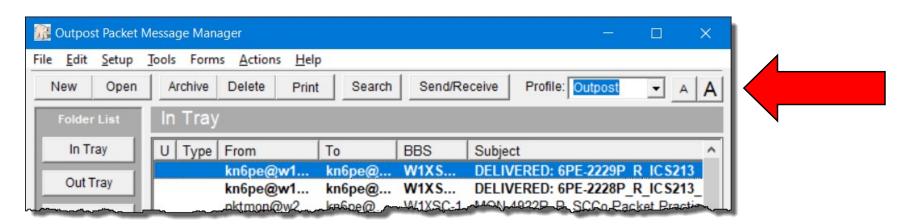




Outpost – Profiles

Main form controls

- Profiles store Outpost settings under a name
 - Tools menu settings, Station Identification, BBS, TNC selection, etc.
 - The "OUTPOST" profile contains all of the default SCCo settings
- Switch between profiles without restarting Outpost
- Verify that the Profile is correct

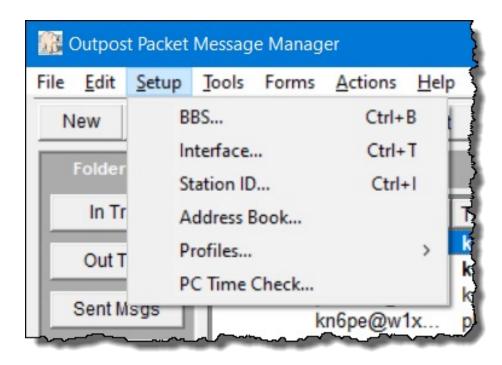


Configuring Outpost

Setup menu

All configuration items are under two Menu items

- The **Setup** menu...
 - BBS... Santa Clara County
 BBS's are preloaded
 - Interface... Preconfigured
 TNCs
 - Station ID... for setting your FCC and tactical call
 - Address Book... create alias and distribution lists
 - Profiles... manage different configurations
 - PC Time Check...

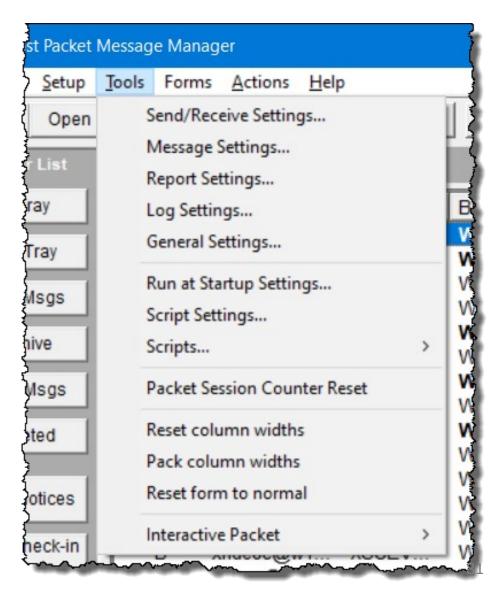


Configuring Outpost

Tools menu

All configuration items are under two Menu items

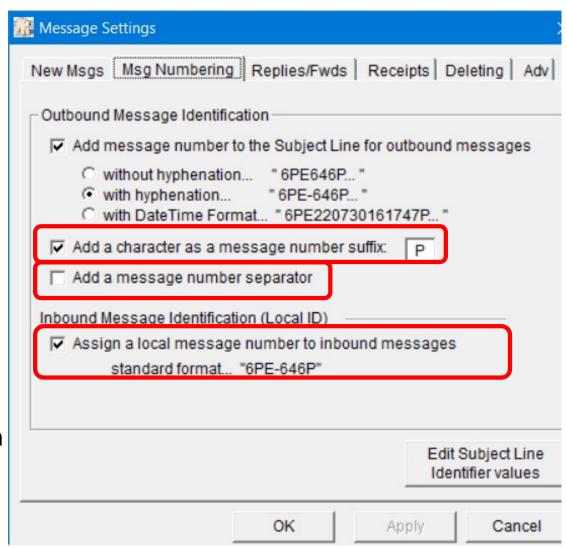
- The **Tools** menu...
 - Send/Receive... Automation,
 Auto Printing, etc.
 - Message... defaults, numbering, receipts
 - Log settings... helps with troubleshooting
 - General... Print settings,
 name extra folders
 - Running programs or scripts
 - Column resets
 - Manual packet programs



Configuring Outpost

Tools menu > Message Settings > Msg Numbering Tab

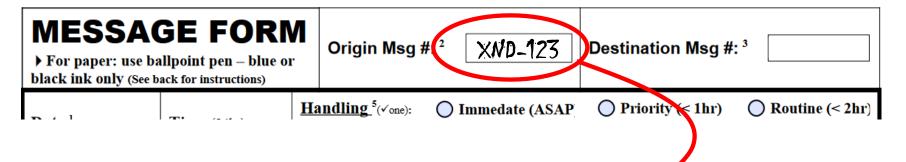
- Add message number... With hyphenation
- Add message number suffix. Adds a "P" suffix to all inbound and outbound message numbers
 - Check this box
 - Plain Text
 - PackItForms
- □ Add message num separator
 - leave unchecked
- ✓ Assign a local message ID
 - check this box
- Message numbering is common across profiles
 - Numbers are common across all profiles



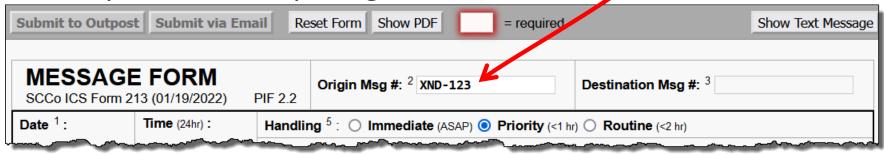
Message numbers

Considerations

- If you are given a paper form with an existing message number, do not change it!
- For instance: If you are given this:



then replace the Outpost-generated number with:

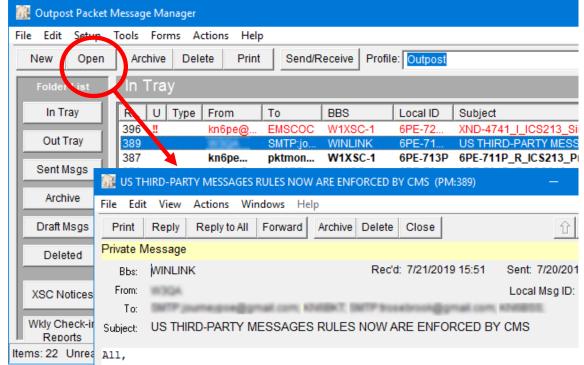


It's that simple!

Working with messages

Viewing messages – Plain Text

- Supports viewing, printing, deleting or saving a message to a local file
- Reply and Forward message formatting
- To view a message,
 - 1. Highlight, then press Open, or
 - Double-click on a message



If you are a US-licensed station that routinely connects to a foreign gateway non-US-licensed station that connects with a US gateway, you may be affected CMS behavior. The Winlink CMS now will enforce US Third-Party Message rules.

Because Winlink is being severely criticized for allowing US client and gatew operators to violate US amateur radio third-party traffic rules, we are today starting to test automatic enforcement of these rules. Part 97.3(47), 97.115 97.117 apply.

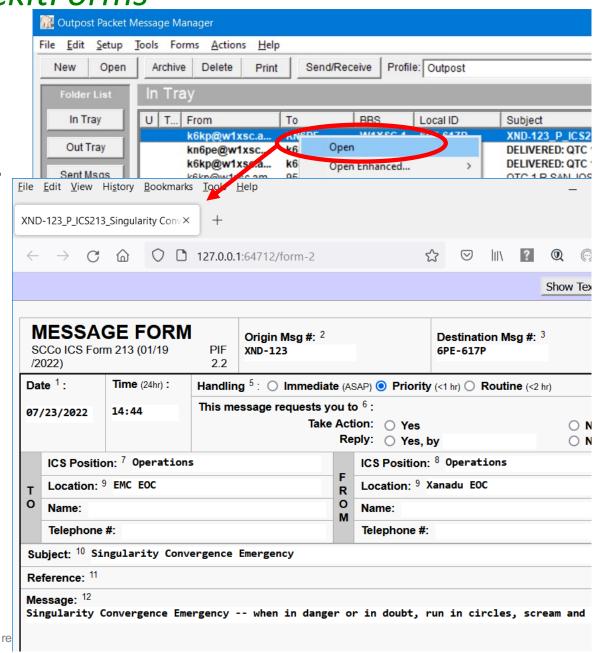
If you attempt to send or receive a third-party message between a US-licensed and another station the US does not have a third-party communication agreemen you may receive a service message saying the message will violate the applicab and that the message is refused (if you're sending) or being held at the CMS are receiving). Alternative means to successfully send or receive the message explained. The US has treaties with most countries in the North and South Ame but not most European, Asian and Pacific countries.

If you are a US-licensee, you should have no trouble sending and receiving to internet addresses if you connect with another US-licensed gateway, or one li in Central or South America — as long as the US has a third-party agreement w

Working with messages

Viewing messages – PackItForms

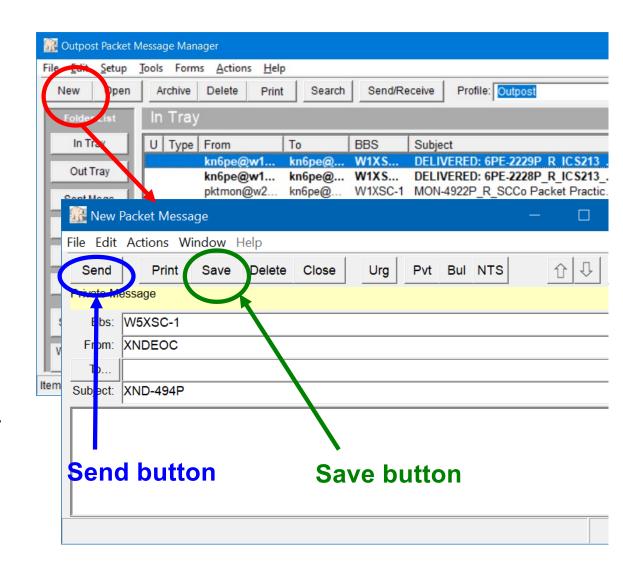
- What if it is a PackItForm?
- To view a message,
 - Highlight a PackItForms message, then press
 Open, or
 - 2. Right-click to open the popup menu



Working with messages

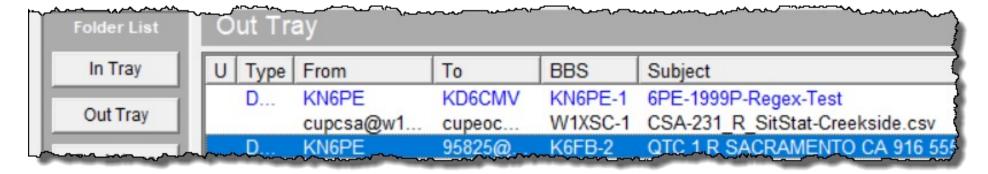
Creating messages

- Start a new message:
 - 1. Press New
 - 2. Fill in all remaining fields
- Multiple message sourcing options
 - 1. Free-form: what you see is what you get
 - Supports TAB characters thereby reducing the character count
 - 2. Cut and Paste from other apps, like notepad, Excel
 - 3. Import .csv files
 - 4. Import text files directly into the message form
 - 5. Press **Send** or **Save** when done



Watch out for Drafts

Creating messages

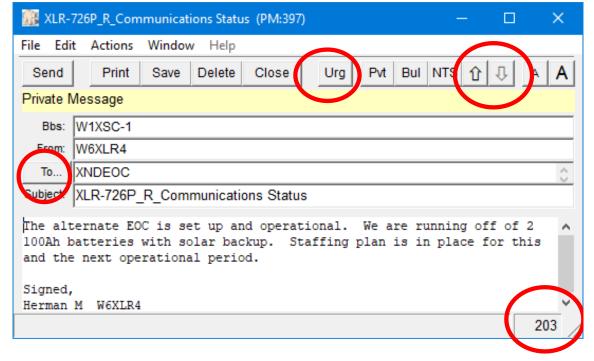


- If you click "Save", the message is saved as a DRAFT and will not be sent
 - The blue highlighted text means it is a DRAFT message
 - Lose your Saved Message? Check the Draft Folder
- If you click "Send", the message will be saved, and
 - A black text entry means it is ready to be sent
- Check the Out Tray after a Send/Receive to make sure your messages were sent

Message form specifics

Creating messages

- Message character counter
 - Watch when preparing large messages... this is a shared channel
- Moving between messages
 - Up/Down arrows allow easy movement to previous or next message
- Urgent Message
 - Flags a message as urgent and displays in RED in your folders and the receiving station
- Address Book entries
 - Press To: button to select previously defined address book entries



Outpost Workflow

How it Gets Done

- 1. On Outpost: press "New" to create a new message
- 2. On the Message Form
 - Compose the message. Fill in all blank fields
 - Press "Send" message is moved to Out Tray (Press "Save" to store to the Draft Msgs folder)
- 3. On Outpost: Press "Send/Receive"
 - Looks for and sends messages from the Out Tray for this <u>User</u> and <u>BBS</u>
 - When sent, message is moved to the Sent Msgs folder
 - Checks for and retrieves new messages, places them in bold in In Tray
- 4. Read and handle new messages
- 5. Print, Delete, Archive, or move messages to a folder as needed
 - Deleted messages are automatically moved to Deleted Messages folder

If you think there is a problem with a message, refer the message to your Shift Supervisor for resolution



Outpost do's and don'ts

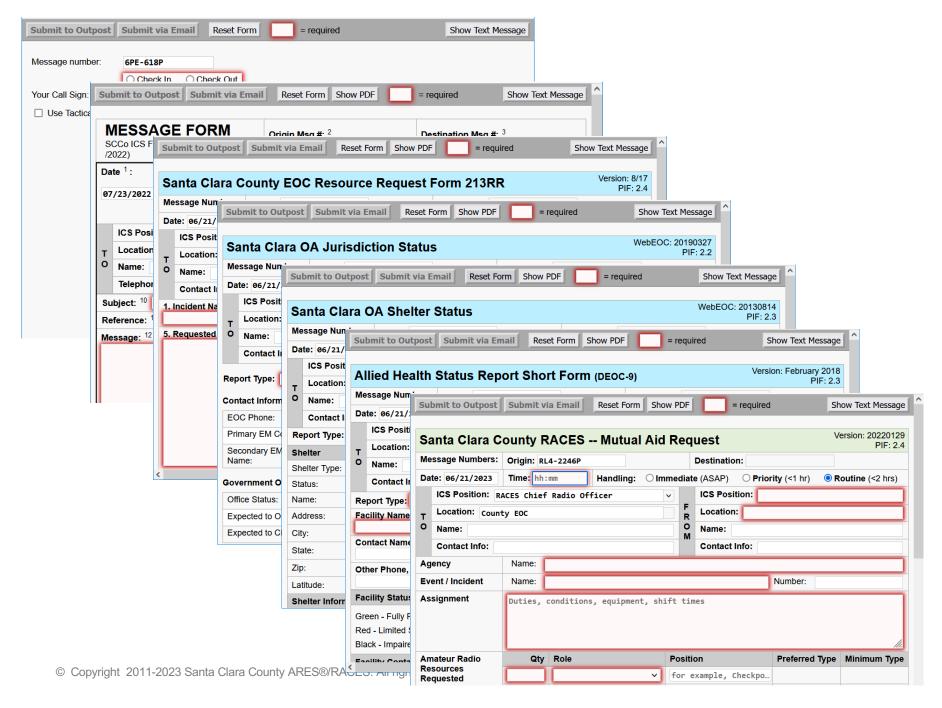
DO...

- Keep your message short enough to communicate what needs to be passed... same as a voice message
- Be Patient; after your message is downloaded by the recipient, they will send a delivery receipt. Then you will retrieve it on your next Send/Receive session.

• DON'T...

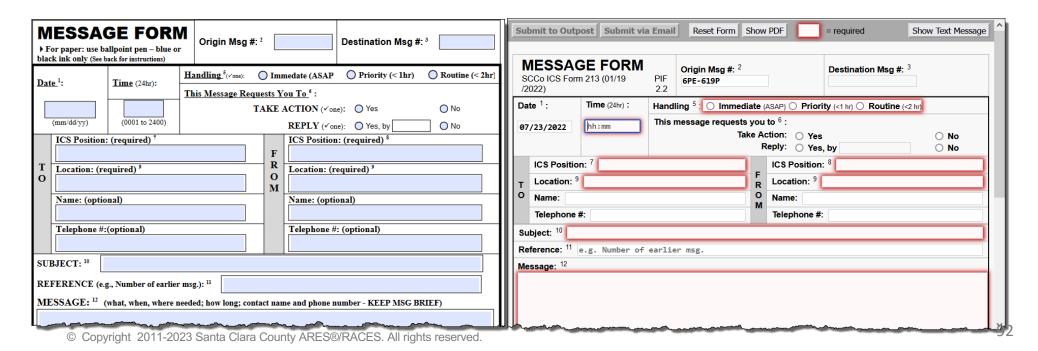
- Continuously press Send/Receive to check for a reply. This ties up the channel needlessly.
- If a message was not acknowledged:
 - Check the message address and BBS
 - Resend the message if needed
 - Let your supervisor know

PackItForms



Introduction to PackItForms

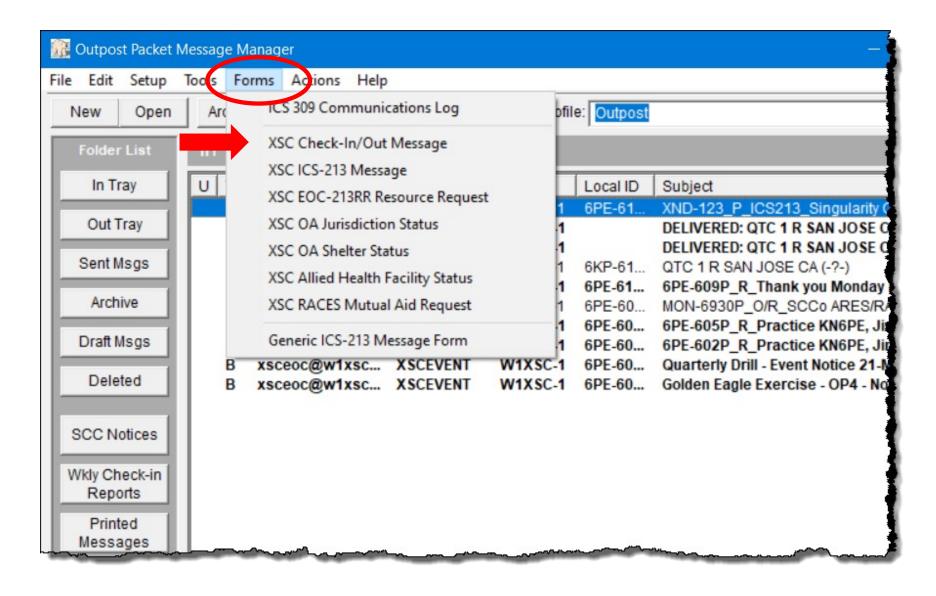
- hanced tool for forms-based messaging
- PackItForms are an enhanced tool for forms-based messaging and supports sending Santa Clara County forms by packet radio
 - Minimizes data actually sent
 - Web tool to "fill in the blanks"
 - Code to extract the text information from the forms into a string of ASCII text data that contains the form information



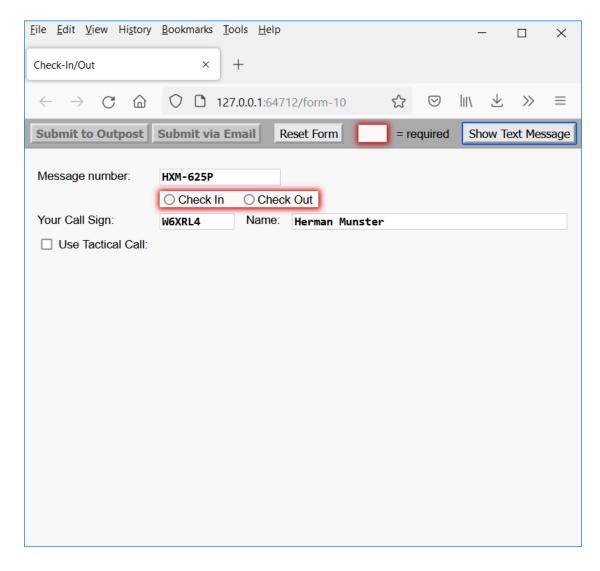
County Use of PackItForms

- Santa Clara County PackItForms contains these public forms
 - 1. XSC Check-In/Out Message Form
 - 2. XSC ICS-213 Message Form adapted for Santa Clara County to transmit messages.
 - 3. XSC EOC-213RR Resource Request Form Requests specific resources needed to support an emergency.
 - 4. XSC OA Jurisdiction Status Form Reports jurisdiction emergency situation status to county OEM.
 - 5. XSC OA Shelter Status Form Reports information and status on shelters opened in the cities to county OEM.
 - 6. XSC Allied Health Facility Status Reports information & status of private Skilled Nursing facilities to SCC Public Health Department.
 - 7. XSC RACES Mutual Aid Request Form used by a jurisdiction to request a RACES Mutual Aid.
- The SCC Installer program automatically installs these packet forms along with Outpost.
 - Additional forms may be provided by your EC

PackItForms and Outpost



XSC Check-In/Out Message

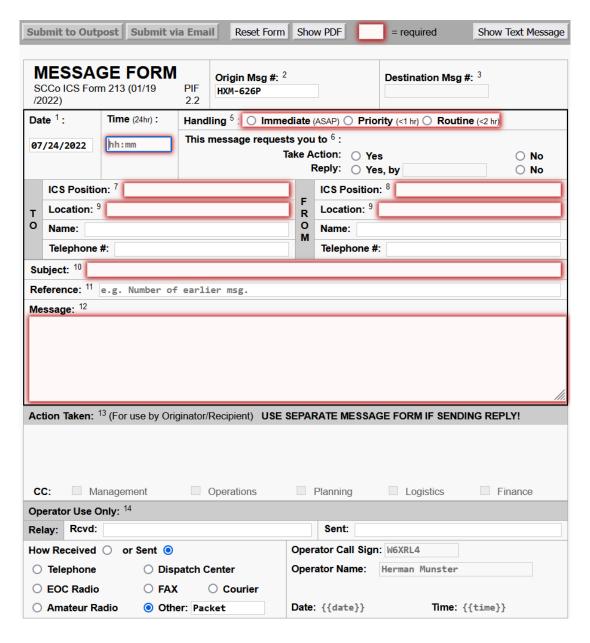


- For check-in and check-out messages
- Most fields are automatically filled in
 - Message Number
 - Call Sign
 - Name

If **Use Tactical Call** is checked,

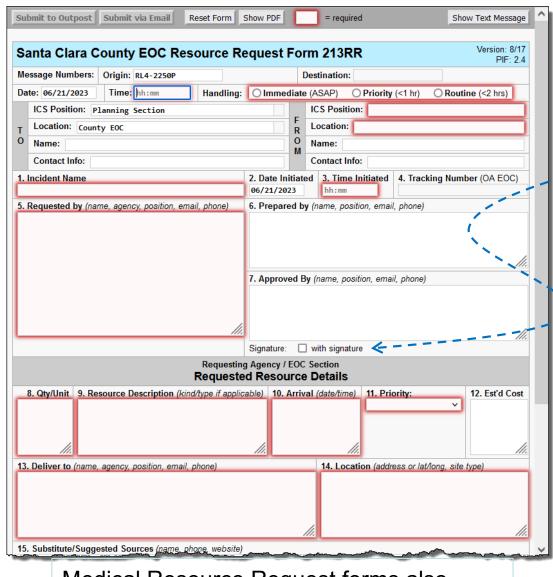
- Tactical Call
- Tactical Name
- Make your selections:
 - Check-in or Check-out
 - Use Tactical Call

XSC ICS 213 Message Form



- SCC IS 213 Message Form
 - Message Number Fields
- Paper form should come to you already filled out
 - If you have to fill it out, have the originator review and initial it
- For drills, fill in the blanks just like the paper version
- No need for 5 words per line
- Replies to a received message must have the original message number in the reference line

XSC EOC Resource Request 213RR



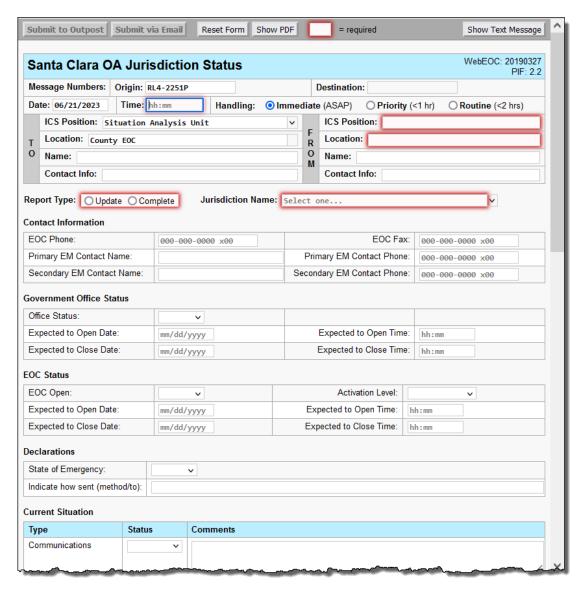
Medical Resource Request forms also have a new ' □ with signature' checkbox.

- For material, equipment, and staff requests, never for RACES Mutual Aid
- New Checkbox!
 - − □ with signature
- Form defaults
 - To ICS Position: *Planning Section*
 - To Location: County EOC

Note! Fields can be changed at message create time

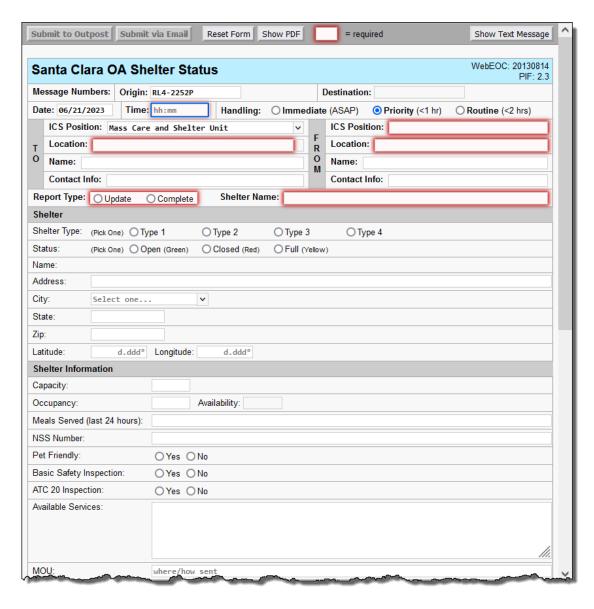
- Paper form should come to you already filled out
- Should answer
 - What do you need
 - Who needs it
 - Where do you need it
 - When do you need it
 - How long do you need it
 - How do you get there

XSC OA Jurisdiction Status Report



- For jurisdiction status & incident reporting to County EOC
- Form defaults
 - Handling Order: Immediate
 - To ICS Position: Situation An...
 - To Location: County EOCNote! Fields can be changed at message create time
- Paper form should come to you already filled out
- Replaces the City Scan form

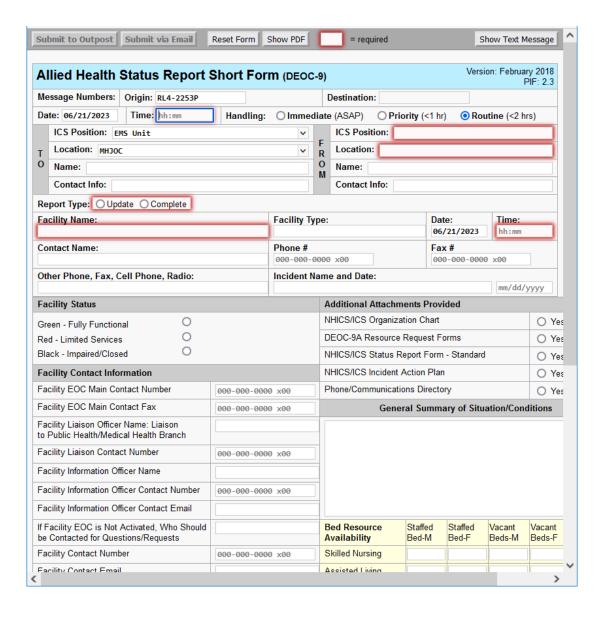
XSC OA Shelter Status Report



- For local shelter status reporting
- New layout!
 - Better aligns with the .pdf
- Form defaults
 - Handling Order: *Priority*
 - To ICS Position: Mass Care and...

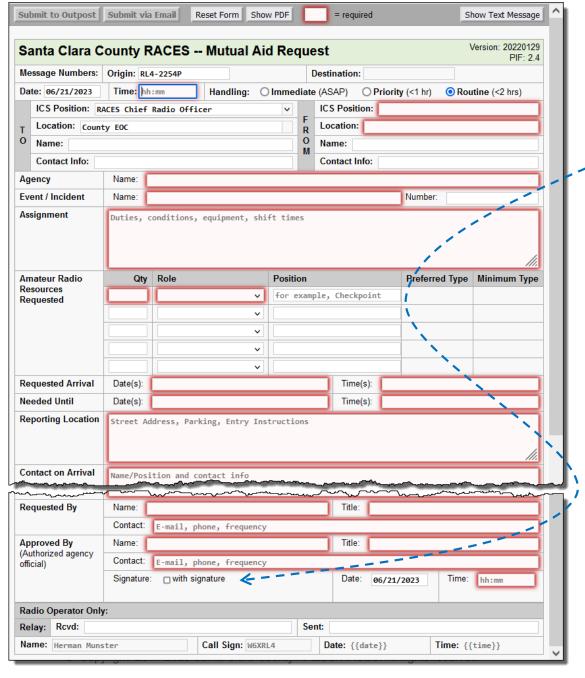
Note! Fields can be changed at message create time

XSC Allied Health Status Report



- For skilled nursing facility status reporting
- Form defaults
 - Handling Order: Routine
 - To ICS Position: **EMS Unit**
 - To Location: MHJOC
 - Note! Fields can be changed at message create time
- Hand off SCC Public Health Department

XSC RACES Mutual Aid Request

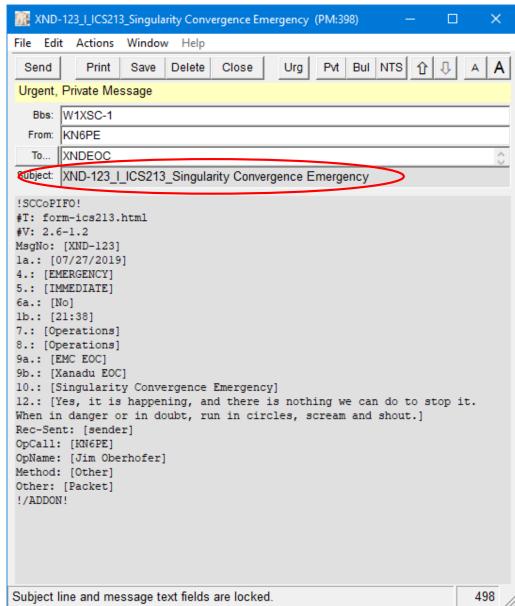


- For RACES Mutual Aid requests <u>only</u>
- New Checkbox!
 - __ 🛘 with signature
- Form defaults
 - Handling Order: Routine
 - To ICS Position: RACES Chief...
 - To Location: County EOC
 - Note! Fields can be changed at message create time
- For jurisdiction material, equipment, and staff requests, use the ICS 213RR form.

What Really Gets Sent

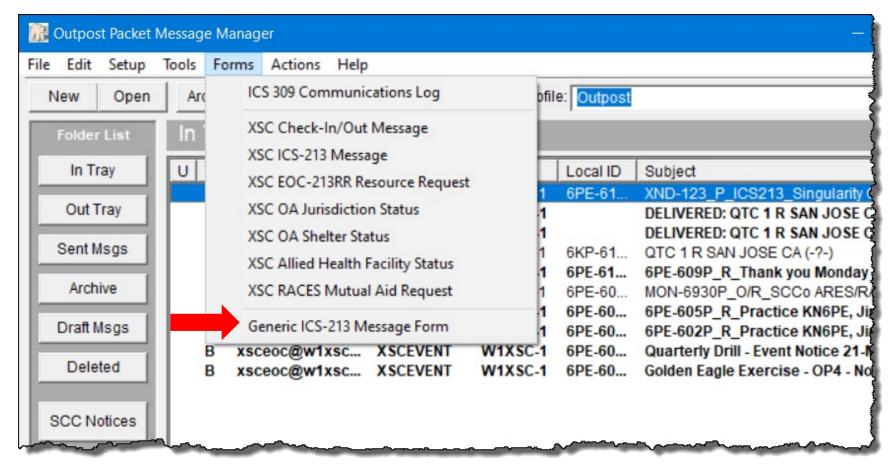


- PackItForms creates the Outpost subject line automatically
- Subject line and message body are locked (grayed out); cannot be changed.
- If you need to make changes,
 - Open (or double-click on) the message in Outpost
 - it will open in the Browser and now can be updated,
 - Then press "Submit to Outpost" to resubmit the updated message.



Generic ICS-213 Form

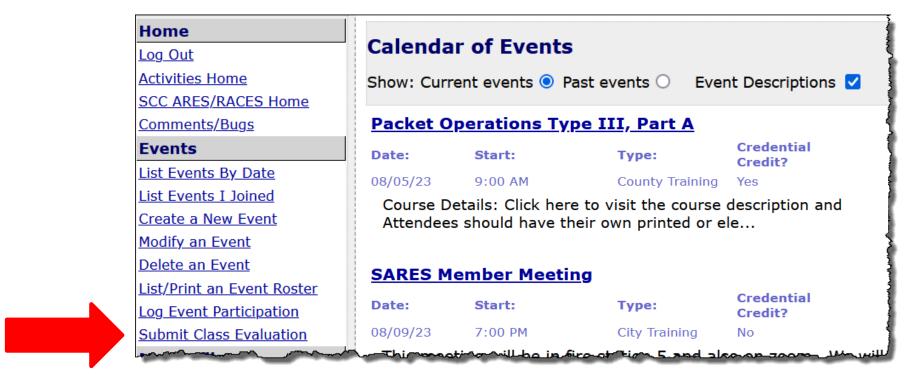
- Use XSC ICS-213 Message Form in Santa Clara County
- Use Generic ICS-213 Message Form elsewhere
 - Communications to/from Regional EOC
 - Communications to/from other county EOCs

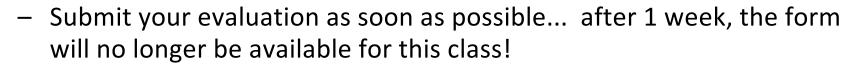


WRAP UP

Final Assignment

- Online Class Evaluation
 - Log into https://www.scc-ares-races.org/activities/events.php
 Click "Submit Class Evaluation" in Events





HOMEWORK!

- Complete the following tasks before attending the next class.
 - 1. Familiarize yourself with entire SCCo ARES/RACES Packet web page
 - http://www.scc-ares-races.org/data/packet
 - 2. Join the scc-packet group (packet@scc-ares-races.groups.io)
 - 3. Install Outpost and review the settings menus
 - 4. Read and Understand the "Packet Network Addressing" web page
 - http://www.scc-ares-races.org/data/packet/packet-addressing.html
 (linked from main packet page)
 - Use packet groups.io for questions
 - 5. From your packet station
 - Connect to your primary BBS and send yourself a message
 - Download, save, read and understand the SCCo Notices
 - Check in to the Mon/Tue packet net (see the SCCo packet web page)
 - 6. And... complete the SCC Packet Exercise Workbook!

SCCo RACES Packet Exercise Workbook

2023 edition

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For Your Information

- Download SCC Notices into Outpost
 - Store in Archive folder to save for reference

Check-In/Out

Frequencies (and BBS's)

Subject Line Format

Tactical Calls

Weekly Packet Practice

XSC Tactical Calls

- Force a one-time SCC Notice download
 - Actions -> Force one-time bulletin retrieve

For Your Information

- These documents are recommended for your Go Kit
 - Packet Frequencies and BBS Assignments
 - Outpost Configuration Settings
 - Message Addressing
 - Standard Subject Line Format
- Download and print out a hardcopy

http://www.scc-ares-races.org/data/packet

Stay Current, Stay Informed

- Visit the County web site often
- Check the Announcement space
- Check the Packet page
- Check for updates often
- Take personal responsibility for keeping yourself and your equipment up-to-date
- Join the SCC-Packet group

packet@scc-ares-races.groups.io



Keep your equipment, software, and yourself up to date

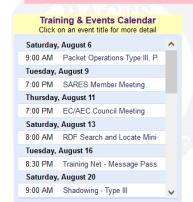


Welcome to the Santa Clara County ARES/RACES (Amateur Radio Emergency Services / Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Services) homepage. Add this page to your bookmarks to stay up-to-speed on amateur radio emergency communications capabilities throughout Santa Clara County, California.

ANNOUNCEMENTS This is a Non-Emergency, Information Only Message:

W6ASH - Linking is down: The W6ASH repeaters are being relocated during the next two to three weeks. Both the 2 meter and 440 W6ASH repeaters will be usable from other temporary locations during the relocation. However, linking of W6ASH to AA6BT for the Resource Net will not be available during this transition. All users that used W6ASH should determine if they can reach either AA6BT or N6NAC during the interim. The relocation is expected to be completed by the 2nd week of July. (06/26/22 KE6TIM) UPDATE: Repeaters have been successfully relocated but are awaiting some cabling before they can be turned on. This is expected to take another 2 to 3 weeks. The temporary repeaters are still operational but without the ability to link W6ASH to the Resource Net.(07/18/22 KE6TIM)

Command Net: The W6GGF-UHF repeater is currently operating on reduced power. While it is being repaired, the K6SNY-UHF repeater [443.275 (+) 107.2] will be used for the primary county Command Net repeater. W6GGF-UHF will be used as the backup Command Net. (3/2/20 N6MEF)



For More Info. & Sign-Up, click here to visit our Training & Events System

DRILL/EVENT PICTURES

- Masked Pumpkin Festival Parade, Drill 10/12/20 (PDF)
- Radio Direction Finding Drill, 10-10-19
- · Advanced Packet Class, 06-06-09

If you have training or other events send E-Mail to the Webmaster, Phil Henderson, and they will be posted here.





QUICK LINKS

ALERTS

Frequency Lists: County Voice, County Packet, Regional

SERVICES

Overview

Emergency Management: Op Area EOC, Jurisdiction EOCs,

Credentialing, Mutual Aid

Agencies and Community: Allied Health, County Fire, Hospitals,

OPERATIONS

Activation Info, Contact Info, DSW, Forms & Signs, Frequency Lists, Go Kit, Mutual Aid, Nets, Programs (Credentialing Program, Hospital Net), Standards & Procedures, Monthly EC report, More...

DATA NETWORKING

Overview

Services: Packet BBS, E-mail, Intranet Access, Internet Access

Access: AX.25 over VHF, AX.25 over IP/UDP, TCP/IP over UHF, TCP/IP

over Mesh, TCP/IP over WiFi, TCP/IP over LAN

TRAINING & EVENTS

Calendar and Sign-Up

Courses: ARES/RACES, Emergency Mgmt

Events: Practice Sessions, Drills/Exercises, Public Service Events

More: Credentialing Program, Licensing, Misc ...

REFERENCE INFORMATION

ARRL, Band Plans, Call Signs, EmComm, Glossary, Preparedness, Repeaters, Rules & Regs, Utilities, Weather, General Info

ABOUT SCCo ARES/RACES

Who We Are: County Leadership, City/Agency Leadership, City/Local Groups

Summary

- You should now understand
 - The role of a Packet Operator Type III
 - What packet is and why we use it
 - The Santa Clara County BBS network and BBS assignments
 - How to set up the baseline packet station
 - The use of Outpost and PackItForms
- Next Class Packet III B
 - Operating Procedures
 - Troubleshoot a packet station
 - Bulletins and Message addressing
 - Send and receive PackItForms messages using Outpost

Thank You!

Please complete the Course Evaluation and packet exercise homework on-or-before next Saturday!

If you have questions or feedback about this or other training activities, you can join our Training discussion group.

https://scc-ares-races.groups.io/g/packet

Make sure you're signed up for the second part:
Packet Type III, Part B

Questions, comments, suggestions? kn6pe@arrl.net